PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

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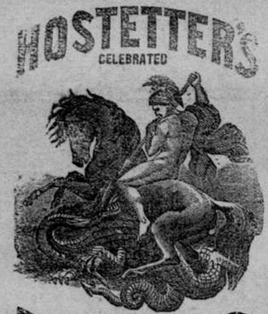

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator with the Will annexed of the estate of

JACOB COBURN, late of Winchester, Mass.,

deceased, who died leaving estate to be administered in the County of Cumberland, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

EDWIN COBURN, of Gorham, Me.

Adm'r with Will annexed.

Gorham, July 17th, 1883. aug3d1aw3w*F

NEW YORK

Decline in Western Union Stock.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The most interesting feature of stock speculation in Wall street this afternoon was the selling of Western Union stock. It declined to 71 3-4 against 74 5-8 in early dealings.

Wall street, 1.45 p. m.—Another reason for the decline in Western Union is a rumor from Boston that a large loan on the Western Union involving several millions was called in at that city today.

Wall Street—2.50 P. M. A firmer feeling characterized the morning sales up to 2 o'clock. Western Union, however, fluctuated between 72 and 72¾ and could not regain its opening figure of 74. The general feeling among brokers is that the market is convalescing and its feverish tendency is rapidly dying away. It is thought that no more failures will occur. The net result of trading until 2 was a very slight fractional advance for the majority of stocks, though in that time there were considerable changes. Western Union was at first exceptionally weak, declining ½ to 71⅞ and recovering 1½ to 73. Railroad bonds were higher.

Attachment Against Ballou & Co.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The New York Herald states that yesterday an application was made on behalf of Charles G. Peters, Herbert C. Pell and R. Snowden Andrews and others to Judge Patten of the Supreme Court for an attachment against the property of George W. Ballou & Co. The claim is for $87,500 and the plaintiff's charge that on the 18th instant Ballou & Co. passed to them, for valuable consideration, a check for that amount on the First National bank: that payment of the check was refused and it the time it was given there was no money on deposit to meet it, nor had the drawers any understanding or arrangement with the bank for payment. The application was granted and an attachment issued. One of the Council for Ballou & Co. denies the charge that they knew they were unable to meet the check.

Rags from Beyrout.

Barque Maria arived here last night from Beyrout with a cargo of rags, bound to Boston. She was ordered to the lower harbor by the quarantine authorities.

Stock Clearing House Closed.

The New York Stock Clearing House closed last night after a month's existence.

Caught at Last.

TROY, Aug. 16.—Mart Casey of Stephentown, N. Y., an outlaw, was captured in the mountains this morning by a posse of five Deputy Sheriffs armed with shot guns. Casey was fired upon and brought down with charges of shot in the legs and head. He was taken to Pittsfield, Mass., to answer an indictment. He had long terrorized villages, raided farms and defied arrest.

Strange Wandrings.

ELIZABETHTOWN, Aug. 16.—Thomas G. Hunt of New York, who has been missing since June 19th, has been found here. His mind is not clear, but he thinks he went to Trenton, and from there on some sailing-vessel to England, whence he returned to America. He thinks he went to other places, but until he was in Chicago, where he thinks he was put in a hospital, suffering from a severe illness. After coming out, he roamed about the country and yesteday was in Montreal. There he took a sleeping car and proceeded south. Hearing the porter announce the name of Westport, it suddenly flashed through his mind that he had been there with his father once when a boy. The fact is, he has boarded at the Windsor Hotel here nearly every summer for fifteen years.

Desperadoes in New York City.

Last evening, while Mr. Richard Howle, a wealthy plantea of Palatka, Fla., was walking along West Broadway on his way to the Cosmopolitan Hotel, he was attacked and knocked senseless by two ruffians, who took his pockebook containing $500 in bills and several articles of jewelry. Mr. Towle was removed to the Chambers Street Hospital, where his injuries were found to be serious. No clew has yet been found to the daring desperadoes.

ROLLING MILLS BURNED.

An Expensive Fire in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Last night the United States Rolling Stock Company's buildings at Chicago, five in number, were burned. Loss $200,000. They were situated near Blue Island Avenue. The fire began in the planing mill department. It spread throughout the shops and within an hour all were destroyed. These included a planing mill, machine and blacksmith shops, car shops, engine room and drying room. Within the mill were 25 cars for the Chicago and Atlantic railroad.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The loss of the United States Rolling Stock Company by fire this morning will reach $500,000.

Shooting Affair at Bennington, Vt.

TROY, N. Y., Aug 16.—Joseph N. Homenway of Troy was shot last night at Bennington, by Charles Rockwood, his father-in-law while endeavoring to force an entrance to Rockwoods house to see his child.

A Kentucky Failure.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 16.—Capt. Vincent Shinkle of Covington, Ky., made an assignment yesterday to Judge Wm. Finley and R. T. Miller. Cause, tightening of the money market. He has papers in the banks and they declined to renew. Liabilities estimated at $80,000.

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

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Address all communications to

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METEOROLOGICAL.

INDICATIONS FOR THE NEXT TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

WAR DEP'T OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C. August 17, 1 A. M.

For New England,

Partly cloudy weather and local rains, winds mostly northerly; falling, followed by rising barometer, stationary of rising temperature.

SPECIAL BULLETIN.

The temperature has fallen in districts bordering on the Atlantic. It has remained stationary in the lower Lake region and West Gulf States, and in all other districts east of the Mississippi Valley.

North to east winds prevail in New England and the Middle Atlantic States; north to west winds in the South Atlantic States; southwesterly winds in the upper Lake region, and southerly winds in the Mississippi and Missouri valleys; elsewhere the winds are variable.

General rains have fallen in New England, Middle, South Atlantic and East Gulf States Tennessee followed by clearing weather in two last named districts. Fair weather prevails in all other districts. Fair weather will prevail in all districts east of the Mississippi Valley Friday and Saturday with rising temperature except in New England where local rains will occur on Friday followed Friday evening by clearing weather and fair weather on Saturday.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Statement of C. W. Clement's Affair.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—At a meeting today of the creditors of Charles W. Clement, that gentleman stated that he started the business in December, 1881, with Fayette Shaw a special partner. His business had been prosperous and but for peculiar relations with F. Shaw & Bros., he would have a strong and solvent house today. The financial statement presented showed liabilities of $557,400. There is also an item against Clement on the books of Shaw Brothers for money and merchandise advanced on notes amounting to $215,489. His assets are $300,290, the stock being rated at its saleable value. An investigating and advisory committee of five was appointed and the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the committee.

Oliver Ames on Butler.

Lieut. Gov. Oliver Ames, in an interview, corrects some misstatements made by a correspondent of the New York Tribune regarding his position in the last campaign and his attitude toward Gov. Butler. He says: "Personally, I am a warm friend of Gov. Butler, but in politics I am in direct opposition to him. When the general was a prominent candidate for the Republican nomination in 1873 I worked hard for him, but he was a Republican then. When he entered into the independent movement he wrote me that he wished to see me. I sent back word that if he desired to see me on political matters I must decline to favor him, but upon any other subject I should delight to confer with him. I have been chairman of my town committee ever since the Republican party was born—in 1856, and I have ever since invariably voted the Straight Republican ticket. I have never voted a scratched ticket. During last year's campaign I did not act with the town committee because I was a candidate for office, and I did not want to go about blowing my own trumpet. Some men can do it, but I can't. Gen. Butler once did a kind act for my father, and I esteem him very highly as a man, but politically he is a demagogue. Indeed, I have told him as much to his face. I have advised him time and again to win the approval of the better element of society instead of as a friend rather than as a political enemy. But he has seen fit to take the opposite course. I told him that in the Tewksbury investigation he acted like an advocate rather than as one trying to get at the facts in the case. The Governor's reply was, 'I think I have made my case.' When I met the Governor in the Executive Chamber after he had delivered his argument I said to him, "I congratulate you, Goveanor, that you are through with Tewksbury." He replied, "You can at least do that." He could not but notice that I did not congratulate him on his argument, which was, as you know, disgraceful, and contained many indecencies, which, I think, must hurt his prospects in the minds of all right-thinking men. The Goveanor is a pleasant gentleman and I value his friendship highly. But, as I told the Governor himself, politically he is altogether bad. He is neither Republican nor Democrat. He cares only for Butler."

Nominations by Gov. Butler—The State Workhouse to be Rebuilt.

The Executive Council this afternoon received the following nominations from Gov. Butler: Hon. John W. Cummings of Fall River, to be judge of probate for Bristol county; Hon. B. W. Harris, judge of probate, Plymouth county; John I. Baker, member of the harbor and land commission.

It was decided to rebuild the State workhouse recently burned at Bridgeport.

Not Indicted.

FITCHBURG, Aug. 16.—The grand jury found no indictment against Mrs. H. L. Elkins and George K. Holbrook for setting fire to Mial Davis's boarding house in this city June 30th.

Charged with Incendiarism.

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Aug. 16.—This forenoon Michael Doran of Saxonville was brought into the District Court, charged with burning the barn of Deacon B. T. Thompson in South Framingham on the night of July 31. Six witnesses were summoned for the government.

A Fatal Affray.

HOLYOKE, Aug. 16.—George Marshall, 19, and Daniel Shea, engaged in a scuffle Wednesday afternoon, during which the former died suddenly. Marshall was employed at the Farr Alapaca Mill and Shea at the Hampden Mill, and the latter has called Marshall nicknames and troubled him considerably of late. On Wednesday afternoon the two met in an alley. When some words passed between them relative to a remark Marshall had made about Shea's sister. They clinched and blows were struck on both sides, but Shea being the stronger threw Marshall to the ground suddenly and the latter was unable to arise and soon breathed his last. Shea ran away as soon as he saw Marshall's condition, but subsequently gave himself up to the police. He says he had no desire to injure the deceased, only to punish him for the remarks made about his sister.

Shea was arrested and held for manslaughter.

The Storrs' Homestead.

DEDHAM, Aug. 16.—The assignees of the bankrupt estate of R. O. Storrs & Co. have joined the Webster bank in an agreement with Frank Haynes and Marcus Robinson, both of New York, to quit all claims of creditors upon the homestead of R. O. Storrs at Dedham in considerrtion of the payment of $3800 by Robinson and Haynes, and ask the approval of the insolvency court thereon. It will be recollected that at the time of the Storrs failure it was discovered that a few hours previous thereto a deed of sale of the homestead to Frank Haynes, Storrs' son-in-law, and a mortgage on the estate to Robinson, Storrs' brother-in-law, were recorded. The creditors claimed that the transactions were fraudulent, and instituted actions to set them aside. The compromise for $3800 is the result.

Recovery of Barker's Body.

MIDDLEBORO, Aug. 16.—The body of Chas. Barker, the victim of the Onset Bay drowning accident, was recovered today.

Battle of Bennington.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Aug. 06.—The 60th anniversary of Bennington battle was duly celebrated here today by three monster picnics, one under the auspices of the Father Matthew Total Abstinence Society, one by the Union of four Sunday schools, and one by the Grand Army of the Republic. Each body paraded through the principal streets, headed by bands presenting a fine appearace. Addresses were made by local clergymen.

Not Opened Yet.

RICHMOND, Ind., Aug. 16.—The Farmers' bank ha not opened its doors today. The directors are holding a meeting and it is believed that they will wind the affairs of the band up, and that the depositors will be paid in full. The bank was established in 1877 by Stanley & Co., and was managed by James E. Thomas, cashier. The deposits amount to between $40,000 and $50,000. The bank has been regarded as shaky for a long time.

Intends to Swim Niagara Rapids.

BUFFALO, Aug. 16.—Captain Rhodes, who intends to swim Fiagara Rapids in his patent armor, says the report that he has given up the swim are false. He will not state the exact day when the attempt is to be made, as he does not want to be frustrated, but that it will surely occur within ten days.

Judge Black Better.

YORK, Pa., Aug. 16.—Judge Black's condition is much improved to-night. To-day a radican operation was successfully performed, and unless some unforseen complication arises the patient may be considered out of danger.

THE STRIKE.

Petering Out—Operators Returning to Work.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Superintendent Humstone of the New York office was asked whether the men who returned to work were required to withdraw from the Brotherhood. He said: "We require a promise from every one who applies for work that he will not join any secret organization, the rules of which will in any way interfere with his duties to this company. This is simply a verbal agreement, but ultimately all the operators and linemen in our employ will be required to sign an agreement that they are not at the time members of any secret organization, and promise not to join such an organization.

The executive committee of the Western Union Company yesterday held an informal conference in regard to the application of the committee of strikers indorsed his action of referring them to the superintendent for information as to the terms upon which they will be taken back.

The Western Union's officials said this morning that 35 circuits in New York city were interfered with last night by throwing fine wires over the regular wires. At 11 o'clock it was said that all circuits were in working order though the keys worked heavily on account of the damp weather.

Superintendent Humstone said he had taken back seven striking operators this forenoon. They were taken back at the same salaries that they formerly received.

There are at present 83 Western Union Branch offices in New York city closed and about 40 more operators required at the Western Union building. The company's officials say that about 128 operators are required in the city to put it in first class condition. They also say there are not so many telegraphers still unemployed as the Brotherhood reports, and express the conviction that the strikers will surrender before long.

Shortly after noon to-day three more operators of the Brotherhood applied for work at the Western Union office and were taken back at the old rates. This makes ten in all, the officials say, that have gone back to-day. They also stated that less than a hundred vacancies existed now in New York including the branch offices. It was also said that reports from other cities showed that the strikers were returning to work all over the country. The Brotherhood denied the report that a number of operators would withdraw from the organization to resume work. They say they are as determined as ever to hold out as long as their finances last. They also denied that ten men returned to work to-day, and say that only one went back.

Twelne striking operators were taken back by the Western Union Company to-day, making 33 in the New York office this week.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 16.—The strike of the telegraph operators is virtually ended in this city. This afternoon five of the first class men returned and resumed work on the terms offered by the company. It is said others will return to-morrow. Last night at a meeting of the Brotherhood discontent was apparent, but all information was refused. It is now said that the Knights of Labor did not respond as liberally as was expected, and that a surrender was necessary.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 16.—George M. Eitemuller, night chief operator at the Western Union office in this city, a member of the Brotherhood and one of the original strikers, returned to work today.

Violence in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 16.—The first serious cases of violence attending the strike occurred here last night. Hitherto the strikers have won praise from all by their gentlemanly conduct. About midnight an operator who had not struck went into a saloon where there were a number of strikers. They called him "scab." He replied offensively and was badly beaten and probably disabled for weeks. Henry Schwabe, an operator who struck, and afterwards returned to work, was attacked on the street which lead his way home at 2 o'clock this morning by a party supposed to be the same that had the fight in the saloon and had a shoulder dislocated. The secretary of the Cincinnati assembly of the Brotherhood has gone to work at the Baltimore and Ohio office.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Boy Drowned.

DOVER, Aug. 16.—William C. Davis was drowned last night. He lived with his grandfather, William Davis, a farmer, at Bellamy Mills. He was sent out to drive home the cows, and while crossing the milldam fell in and was drowned. Not returning, search was made for the body, which was found this morning.

Miss Hallam's residence on Fourth street was entered this morning and some silver table ware stolen. The Episcopal church was broken into and the poor box robbed.

Boscawen's Sesqui-Centennial

CONCORD, Aug. 16.—The town of Boscawen to-day celebrated its sesqui-centennial, nearly 5000 people are in town. The formal exercises consisted of the presentation of a granite memorial, making the site of the first church erected in 1739, the gift of prominent gentlemen, natives of Boscawen. An address was made by John Kimball and the memorial accepted for the town by John Pearson, chairman of the board of selectmen.

A procession nearly a in length then formed and marched to the town hall, where a dinner was served. In the afternoon memorial exercises were held in a large tent. Charles C. Coffin of Boston delivered an historical address. Rev. Dr. Little of Chicago spoke upon the "Power and Prevalence of New England Ideas," and addresses were made by President Bartlett of Dartmouth College, Gen. Eaton, U. S. commissioner of education, and others. Gen. John A. Dix and William Pitt Fessenden were natives of this town.

MAJOR NICKERSON.

Where is He, and How Can the Army Get Rid of Him?

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—The case of Major A. H. Nickerson is bothering all the lawyers of the War Department. They do not see their way to getting the big dignamo office out of the army, and they are very anxious that the dismissal should be made, and that it should be made legally. The first question that arises is as to the right of the Secretary of War to drop him as a deserter so long as he continues to give his address as Philadelphia. When his actual residence in Canada is discovered he may be ordered to duty, for the President has the power to assign retired officers to certain kinds of duty. If he then disobeys his order, the question arises: Can the President order him dropped as a deserter? For he must abandon a duty before he can be a deserter. Then, again, the question is: Can all this be accomplished by sending an order to the Philadelphia address which Nickerson continues to give? Another question is: Can he be tried by court martial if orders to attend are sent him and he fails to appear? There is no precedent for such a trial in the history of the service of the United States.

The war authorities desire to settle the case under the military law, and wish very much to avoid legislation. If, however, Congress shall meet before Nickerson is out of the army, special legislation to cover his case will be sought,

POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

A New Impetus Given to that Company.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The Postal Telegraph Company has captured the bonanza king, J. W. Mackey, who was yesterday elected a director of the company, and who, it is reported, has invested $1,000,000 in its bonds and stock. Mr. Fairbanks, managing constructor of the Postal telegraph, has been directed to rush on the line from Chicago to St. Louis. A branch line is also being built to Toledo. The company has money enough now to connect all the large western cities with New York and the Atlantic sea coast generally, the so-called harmonic and automatic systems working with full success between Chicago and New York. This makes four active opponents of the Western Union lines to Boston, and from that point to Maine, will be constructed, and at the Maine end connection will be made with the new cables.

LAKE WASHACUM.

Hanlan Will Row Again.

STERLING, Mass., Aug. 16.—Superintendent Webber, of the Old Colony railroad, is making elaborate arrangements for the boat races at Washacum Lake, Lake, Friday. Hanlan, Elliott, Ross, Lee, Courtney, Hosmer, Ten Eyck, Plaisted, Driscoll, McKay, Hanson and Conley have entered for the prizes of $400, $200 and $100. The entries for the amateur race prizes, $25, $15 and $10, are A. Murphy, D. McKenney, J. W. Marsh and J. W. Corliss of Worcester, W. A. Towle of Clinton, and M. J. Swett of Fitchburg. The amateurs will row at 3.30 p. m , the professionals at 4.30.

SOUTHERN TORNADO.

Chattanooga Severely Devastated.

CHATTANOOGA, Aug. 16.—A tornado swept through Chattanooga, Tenn., yesterday afternoon. The railroad depots and a large number of buildings were unroofed. Several were blown down. Flying timber seriously injured J. H. Jennings, flying a distance of 300 feet and going through a box car before it struck him. Several other casualties are reported. Heavy rain fell and horses ran away in all directions. Only one telegraph wire out of the city remains intact. All telegraph business to the entire South is delayed and business is seriously interrupted.

No News from the Aeronauts.

There is no news yet of Grimley, the aeronaut, and James E. Creelman, the Herald reporter, who started yesterday in the balloon Columbus from the Bavarian festival.

ASSAULT ON COURTNEY.

The Oarsman Felled with a Sand-Bag.

Probably Mistaken for Another Man—Was Not Robbed.

WATKINS, N. Y., Aug. 16.—It is reported that Courtney, the oarsman, was assaulted here Tuesday evening and received quite serious injuries about the head. He would allow nothing said about it until after he had pulled the trial heat in which he was entered yesterday, for he said the papers would at once jump on him and declare he was always meeting with mishaps and wanted to avoid rowing. It seems, however, that the attack was made under a misapprehension, and was not intended for Courtney, but for another man who was supposed to have a large sum of money about him, and whom it was intended to rob.

The facts, as near as can be ascertained, seems to be that Courtney went down to his boathouse quite late in the evening, accompanied by Mr. John Cree and another gentleman, the latter being well known to be possessed of ample means. As they walked up the railroad track, they met a gang of twenty men and heard one of them ask if the man with the round hat was Courtney, to which another replied no, that the tall man was the oarsman. On their return the track was apparently deserted. Courtney's companions left him for a few minutes, and he stood waiting for them beside the track in the shadow of the storehouse where his boats were kept. Suddenly he received a blow on the head, which felled him, and, his companions returning, found him on his knees in a dazed sort of state, unable for some time to tell what had happened. He was taken to his sister's house, where he has for some time been sojourning, and medical advice was summoned. The physician who called gave it as his opinion that the blow was struck with a sand-bag. The bruise on the right side of the head was painful, but the more serious effect was a sharper pain at the base of the brain, which prevented Courtney from getting much sleep.

It is supposed, and Courtney thinks that, as he stood in the shadow, he was mistaken by his assailant for his wealthy companion, and that as he fell forward into the moonlight the error was discovered and the sand-bagger fled. This supposition is sustained by the statement that the moneyed man was subsequently attacked and escaped only by pulling a revolver. Courtney had a watch and over $400 in money with him, but lost neither.

Hanlan says that the defeat of Courtney was worth $2,000 to him in gratification alone, for it went to prove that all he had said of the Union Springs man's inferiority as a sculler was true. He didn't begrudge the $100 he had given Ross and Lee to divide in case they both beat Courtney, and declared it was the best investment he had made in a long time.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Meeting of the Creditors of Charles W. Clement—Liabilities $557,418.55, Assets $302,292.84.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—A meeting of the creditors of Charles W. Clement was held this forenoon at the rooms of the New England Shoe and Leather Association. Mr. John C. Lane, counsel for the debtor, called to order, and Mr. Amos W. Downing, of Haverhill, was chosen chairman, with W. F. Mullin, of Boston, secretary. Mr. Lane made a brief statement for the firm, saying that business was begun in December, 1881, with Mr. Fayette Shaw as special partner, that gentleman contributing $50,000 to the capital, and Mr. Clement bringing his knowledge of the business gained, through his experience as manager for the Shaw Bros. He met with his first misfortune in December, 1882, when a fire occurred in a building in which he had a stock amounting to $165,000. These goods were sold at auction and realized only about $10,000, involving a loss of $65,000, for which suits are now pending against the insurance companies. In May last he started his factory at Dover, N. H., and has three retail stores besides the one on Pearl street. His business was prosperous, and but for the peculiar relation with the Messrs. Shaw he would have been strong and solvent house today. Of Mr. Shaw he obtained a larger amount of money than the $50,000 invested as special partner, reaching $200,000 at the time of his time of his failure. He raised money, also, from time to time on his notes indorsed by the Shaws, and his belief in the solvency of that house was so great that he would have accommodated them with paper to an unlimited amount if required. The financial statement is as follows:

LIABILITIES.

Time notes indorsed by F. Shaw & Bros.	$538,145.20
Notes unindorsed and open accounts	15,438.99
Contingent liabilities as indorser on customers' notes discounted	3,844.36
	$557,413.55

The last item will probably be reduced to nothing, as it is believed that the makers of the notes are abundantly able to take care of them. There is also an account against Mr. Clement on the books of Shaw Bros. for money and merchandise advanced on notes, amounting to $215,489.01.

ASSETS.

Cash in bank	$ 1,756.97
Notes receivable	24,844.18
Open accounts receivable	66,068.85
Claims against insurance companies, and interest	62,500.00
Stock in Pearl street store	90,187.43
Stock in Eliot street store	6,280.30
Stock in City Point store	5,012.86
Stock in Meriden store	4,435.27
Stock consigned	2,752.35
Stock at Dover, N. H.	23,002-33
Equity in Dover real estate	3,000.00
(This amount will be reduced by $2500 if the business is closed out.)	
Furniture in fixtures, Pearl street	1,189.28
Furniture and fixtures, Eliot street	400.65
Furniture and fixtures, City Point	270.90
Furniture and fixtures, Meriden	281.25
Machinery at Dover	6,500.00
	$302,292.84

The stock is rated at its saleable value.

On motion the chair appointed Messrs. Benj. Whitney, E. S. Farnsworth and E. G. Loomis to nominate an investigating and advisory committee of five. They reported the following names, which were accepted:—J. E. Farrar, Boston and Danvers; B. F. Brooks, Boston; W. B. Storer, Boston, J. B. Wetherbee. The meeting then adjourned, subject to the call of the committee.

THE SENATE INQUIRY.

A Woman Condemns the Trades-Union.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The United States Senate sub-committee on labor and education continued its session to-day. Mrs. L. Twitchell of Brooklyn testified that she was formerly president of a working woman's association in San Francisco, and also of the Female Shoemakers' Association. She had been a member of various other trade organizations. She said there were many women who had been brought up in comfort who were now unable to make enough to support themselvef. There were at least 5,000 women in New York and Brooklyn who would be glad to obtain work at any price. This had been the case ever since immigration had grown to its former proportions, and would continue as long as immigration was unrestricted. Trades-unions were also the means of preventing many women from obtaining work, as it was the policy of unions to restrict the number of its members. Labor in New York city was controlled by the trades union, and it was the object of the union to create a corner in labor until they could get a good place for themselves and then desert their followers. The government, she thought, should assist unemployed classes to go where they could obtain employment. This surplus only existed in the large crowded centres of population in the East, and the witness thought that if they were assisted to go West the pressure would be relieved.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Samuel Gampers, chairman of the federation of the organized traders and labor unions of the United States, testified in regard to the condition of the working people and the cause of strikes.

YELLOW FEVER.

Norwegian Bark Salome.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—There is now no sickness on the Norwegian bark Salome, which sailed from Vera Cruz some time ago with nearly all the crew sick with yellow fever. She was prevented from entering Galveston harbor and left with one case, an officer, on board. The day after sailing the patient died, Upon arrival at Cape Charles, the Salome was quarantined ten days.

Pierre Bernard Dead.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, Va., Aug 16.—Pierre Bernard, husband of the late Caroline Richings Bernard, died here yesterday.

Open the Bank or Die!

DENVER, Aug. 16.—A party of highwaymen went last night to the house of a man named Williams in the town of Erie, bound him and took him to the bank under threats of death, and commanded him to open the safes. They abstracted $10,000 and fled. Williams is a feeble old man.

Thrown from a Carriage and Killed.

STOWE, Vt., Aug. 16.—Jesse Town and wife of this place, with Mrs. Solomon Stockwell of St. Albans, a sister of Mr. Town, while out riding yesterday afternoon, were thrown from their carriage, Mrs. Town receiving injuries from which she died in a few hours after. Mr. Town, it is thought, cannot recover, while Mrs. Stockwell is seriously injured.

OUR PRESIDENT

Enjoying Himself in the Far West.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The President and party were encamped at the forks of the Wind river yesterday upon the same ground occupied last year by General Sheridan. The camp was then named Camp Bishop, in honor of Mr. H. R. Bishop of New York, who was a member of the General's party, and the name has been retained for the present camp. The party remained there for the double purpose of affording an opportunity for various members to hunt and fish and to arrange the pack loads. This is the supply camp, whence the party will have to take on the packs, rations and forage enough to last through to the Yellowstone Park. The President, who is in fine health and spirits, went on horseback with General Sheridan a short distance up the main fork of the Wind river, where the President caught some fine trout, and the other members of the party either went hunting or fishing. The march of nineteen miles from Camp Stager to this point led through the beautiful scenery of the upper Wind river where gorgeously colored and fantastically shaped mountains alternate with those which are covered with grassy slopes and timbered ravines. The weather is delightful, and the march was thoroughly enjoyed by everybody. Three antelopes, a bear, several grouse and a rabbit were brought into camp by hunters of the party.

WASHINGTON.

Opium Smugglers.

WASHINGTON, Aug, 16.—Secretary Folger, who is now in Minnesota, will probably be at the Treasury Department on the 27th inst.

By reason of the vigorous action of the Government in prosecuting opium smugglers on the Pacific coast, the duties collected at the port of San Francisco on opium during the last fiscal year were more than $1,000,000 in excess of the collections from that source the previous year.

Two Cents Postage to Canada.

The Post Office Department has of late been looking up the agreement between this country and Canada. It was thought that when the new law reducing postage to two cents went into operation Oct. 1st that it would interfere in some way with our agreement with Canada, when this country agreed to carry letters from Canada for three cents, provided Canada would in return deliver letters there from this country. It has been ascertained that there is a clause in the agreement which says that the domestic rates in both countries should govern. A two cent stamp, therefore, will only be needed to send letters to Canada after Oct. 1st, while letters sent from Canada will have to pay a three cent postage as now.

Maryland Politics.

A dispatch from Saratoga Springs to the Baltimore Sun gives the substance of an interview with Senator Gorham, of Maryland, in which he states that there is nothing new in Gov. Hamilton's letter on Maryland politics, and he does not think it will have any effect in the coming Gubernatorial contest. Senator Gorham said:—"At the proper time the Democratic party will have plenty of defenders. It has done nothing it need be ashamed of, but on the contrary much to be proud of. It will be shown in good time that Maryland has been as well governed during the past fifteen years as any State in the Union."

The expected conference of Virginia Readjusters did not take place here last night, owing to the failure of Senator Mahone to arrive. Gov. Cameron left for New York last night to arrange with Mahone for another meeting.

Yellow Fever at Pensacola.

A letter was received at the Navy department to-day from Secretary Chandler, stating that he would not return before the 1st of September unless his presence here was necessary.

The acting Secretary of the Navy to-day, received a telegram from Commander Welch, commanding the navy yard at Pensacola, as follows: "Surgeon Owens reports a case of yellow fever in the marine guard. The man is in the hospital. He has moved his quarters in the second story of the barracks. He has relieved the guard numbering 38 men from all duty; in order to isolate them from other persons. Surgeon Owens recommends the transfer of the guard north as soon as possible. The case was discoveied last evening. Two other men were sent to the hospital to-day whose cases have yet been decided. We would like authority to order a surgeon or authority to employ a civilian expert from Pensacola." In structions were telegraphed to Commander Welch to transfer the marine guard to Cape Anson, six miles from the navy yard and to make all sanitary arrangements necessary for the health of the yard. Orders were also issued to Surgeon Martin, now at New Orleans, to proceed to Pensacola and render all assistance in his power.

Careful Watch for Yellow Fever.

A cablegram from Vera Cruz to the Marine Hospital bureau to-day states that the steamer Bernard Hill sailed from that port yesterday, bound for Baltimore. She had been in an affected locality, and the health authorities were notified to keep a lookout for her. The deaths from yellow fellow at Havana for the week ending Aug. 4th were 48.

Treasury Statement.

The statement of the United States Treasurer shows gold, silver and United States notes in the treasury to day as follows:—Gold coin and bullion, $203,181,639; silver dollars and bullion, $118,003,095; fractional silver coin, $27,044,651; United States notes, $53,466,009; total, $402,682,379.

Certificates outstanding—Gold, $58,535,610; silver, $73,830,091; currency, $12,215,002.

The receipts from internal revenue to-day were $367,366, and from customs $862,049.

The national bank notes received for redemption to-may amount to $255,000.

THE DOMINION.

Permitted to Pass.

QUEBEC, Aug. 16.—Ships Friedrica and Karolina, before reported at quarantine with yellow fever on board, has come up to port, having landed her sick sailors and been disinfected.

THE CHOLERA.

Number of Deaths.

CAIRO, Aug. 16.—There were 62 deaths from cholera in Alexandria during the past twenty-four hours.

There were 55 deaths from cholera at Damanhour Tuesday.

Number of deaths yesterday from cholera five. Total of deaths thus far from cholera among the British troops in Egypt is 125.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—There were 467 deaths from cholera in Egypt Wednesday.

FIRE RECORD.

At Berwick.

DOVER, N. H., Aug. 16.—At 2 a. m. fire was discovered in Hopkins' hardware store in Berwick, Me., opposite Great Falls. Two adjoining buildings were also burned. Three of the buildings were owned by W. A. Worcester. Loss $35,000; fully insured. Hopkins' loss $600; partially insured. Cause of fire unknown.

At Biddeford.

BIDDEFORD, Aug. 16.—At midnight a fire broke out in a house on Bradbury street owned by Luther Bryant, which was communicated to a house on Cutts street owned by Carlos Heard. Both buildings were destroyed. Loss about $1500 on each building. Each building was insured for $1000.

Barn Burned.

GARDINER, Me., Aug. 10.—A barn at West Gardiner owned by Robert Littlefield was burned to-day. Loss $1000. No insurance. Cause unknown.

At Marlboro', Mass.

MARLBORO', Mass., Aug. 16.—A storehouse and stable on Pleasant street, belonging to Morse & Bigelow, was burned this morning about 1 o'clock. A valuable horse was burned. Loss $2000; insured for $1600. Supposed to be incendiary.

At Lexington, Ky.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 16.—A fire this morning destroyed Bush & Sons' planing mills and other property. Loss $30,000.

At Saratoga.

SARATOGA, Aug. 16.—The Grand Union Hotel was damaged $500 by fire this afternoon.

Elsewhere.

The saw, grist and starch mills of J. L. Ripley & Co., with adjoining buildings, Andover, Me., were burned on Sunday morning. Loss about $6000; no insurance.

The fire at Bowdoinham, Me., on Saturday night destroyed the Bowdoinham House, hall and stable, and Joseph Adams' house. Total loss about $5600; insurance partial.

The dwelling house of Collamer Persons at East Poultney, Vt., was burned on Tuesday night. Loss $800. The fire caught from a lamp.

Flour Mills Burned.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Aug. 16.—The Crescent flour mills, owned by J. F. & L. J. Miller, were burned to-night. Loss $50,000.

Railroad War Ended.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—The railroad passenger rate war between the city and St. Louis was ended today, and the roads competing for business, the Illinois Central, Wabash and Chicago and Alton, decided to form a passenger pool.

A careful estimate now places the loss sustained by the United States Rolling Stock Company by fire at $250,000.

Followed His Predecessor.

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 16.—Adelbert Hewitt, conductor of a freight train on the Boston and Providence railroad, of this city, was killed at S

THE PRESS.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 17.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

Business Prospects.

It is certain that this country will produce the present year reasonably abundant crops, not so large as those of last year in the great staples, cotton, wheat and corn, but still large and superabundant for our own needs. The crop reports from Europe indicate that the yield there will be fair, but not abundant. The nations over the sea will need to draw upon America for supplies, and we shall have supplies to send them. The farmers of the western prairies, and of the southern fields will get a good return for their labor, and the nation has in the fruits of that labor resources of wealth which are secure whatever tricks the gambling speculators of New York and Chicago may play with prices. The year's labor in the great department of agriculture is rewarded with riches which even panics cannot take away.

The great feature of the present situation is the steady decline in prices. It is not sudden, but has been coming for a long time. Almost every thing has declined, the products of the earth, the products of the mills, and shares in corporations. The two things that have so far yielded least to this tendency are labor and real estate. Wages have not yet gone down in equal proportion to the decline in the profits of capital, or the decline in the cost of food and clothes. Whether or not they are to tumble cannot be certainly foretold for it may be that there will come out of the present situation, a new adjustment by which labor will obtain a larger interest than it has heretofore had in the wealth it creates. It is apparent now that the wage workers have little reason to complain while they continue employed, for what they receive will buy more than it would two years ago, and if they do not need more they can save more, provided they can have constant employment.

But this proviso suggests one of the singular phenomena of the time. It has come about that the facilities of production are so increased that the total demand of the country for many classes of manufactured goods can be fully met without constant work. The market is glutted unless there are periods of cessation from production when machinery and hands are idle. The nation can easily make more goods of several kinds than it needs, or will use, and for these goods there is no foreign demand, or none which it is immediately practicable to take advantage of, for disposal of the surplus. What is to be done in that case? No one seems to know. The problem staggers the doctors of the body politic. But we may be confident that time will work a cure although it is not possible to say how or when. There will be suffering and losses in the process, but these are incidents which cannot be avoided. The balance between production and consumption must be readjusted, for waste is as fatal to healthy prosperity as are wants that cannot be supplied.

There are those who at such a time as this think the true course is to go ahead as if skies were fair and winds favoring. They pretend to think there is no occasion for caution. Their advice is "Don't stop; go ahead; shut your eyes; put on more steam; have courage; put out your money; borrow and lend, as if there were no day of reckoning at hand; believe that all is right and all will be right." That kind of talk is not wise and often it is not sincere. There *is* something the matter and it is the part of wisdom to be prudent and to husband resources and to exercise caution until the nature and extent of the difficulty is better understood. It may be only a temporary and local congestion. If that is the fact it will appear in due time. There are many things which indicate that the country is in fairly good condition and that its industries will flourish. It is not well to ignore these any more than it is well to ignore the palpable signs that the financial centres are disturbed, and that just now trade does not run in smooth channels. It is only the rash navigator who sails on recklessly through the fog. The prudent sailor has a care, especially if he does not know all the currents of the sea, and he is content to wait until the fog lifts and he can see what is before him before crowding on all sail.

Germany is making a new conquest of France. The increase in the number of German artisans in Paris within five years past is enormous, and, as they are willing to work for lower wages than Frenchmen demand, they are driving Frenehmen out of employment. This state of things makes the natives furious, and they are organizing societies and clubs whose desire and watchword is "The Germans must go." Belgian, Swiss and English workmen also are finding Paris a good place for bettering their fortunes, and they come in for a share of the hostility against foreigners; but the Germans are the best hated. A paper called the Anti-Prusian has been started, professing to represent the sentiments of French capitalists. The truth is said to be that, while French capitalists are very conspicuous in crying out against the Germans, they are all willing to hire them. There is in France a widespread, and severe industrial crisis which is regarded by the government as grave; but for which they do not know, or dare not propose, an effectual remedy.

Mr. Simmons who recently crossed the English channel in a balloon reports that from the hight to which he ascended "the bottom of the sea is clearly seen in every direction, every channel and shoal is easily marked and forms a fibrous net work." The Pall Mall Gazette thinks that by the aid of instantaneous photographs taken from balloons our knowledge of the sea could be vastly increased and charts of greater certainty than any hitherto known could be easily made. But probably the maritime interests will depend upon charts made after careful soundings for some time to come.

Victors are liable to be arrogant and insist on dictating terms of peace to the vanquished. The Western Union Company could hardly be expected to prove an exception; and it has not, as the result of the interview between Gen. Eckert and the committee of the striking telegraphers shows. The Western Union is determined to insist on an unconditional surrender, and the indications are that it has only to continue to insist to bring it about, notwithstanding Mr. John Campbell's pronunciamento.

The question of a revision of the national constitution is being agitated in France. Mr. Clemenceau proposes during the vacation of the parliament to go through the country making speeches in support of a revision. A correspondent of the New York Evening Post thinks that with revision the republic will pass through the last of the many grave crises which it has been called upon to encounter since its creation.

The last firm to be ruined by the speculations of the junior partner is that of E. C. Stedman & Co. of New York. Mr. Stedman senior, who is well known as a poet as well as a business man, was away when the speculations began which have ended in-ruin. This is the third serious failure resulting from improper use of funds by junior partners which has happened within a few weeks. Haste to get rich was at the bottom of them all.

We are informed that the Hon. William Duren of Calais is a prominent candidate for the vacant position of Collector at Eastpoat.

According to the Democratic governor of Maryland Democratic promises of reform have turned out in that State just as they have turned out in every other State where a chance has been given for their fulfilment—empty promises made for the purpose of catching votes and with no intention of keeping them.

Political Fact and Chat.

The president of the Ohio Liquor Dealers Protective Association incorrectly spells his name Backus.

Like begets like. The New York Sun's boom for Holman, the objector, excites nothing but objection.

The Cincinnati Gazette predicts that the great States which will grow up in a few years along the line of the Northern Pacific railroad will make the old Democracy sick.

To call Jeff Davis ex-President Davis and in the same breath call upon the North to bury the resentments of the war, is an example of almost unparalleled cheek. It is the Atlanta Constitution that furnishes it.

Commissioner Evans has been testing Hostetter's bitters and pronounces them 75 per cent. whisky. With this advertisement the proprietors can well afford to pay the tax.

The Richmond Despatch thinks civil service reform will not be carried out to the letter until the last Republican office-holder is turned out. That's what all the Democrats think, though too cunning to vociferate their sentiments at present.

The Pall Mall Gazette announces that Noah's Ark has been discovered on Mt. Ararat, and that an American has bought it to bring to the United States. Doubtless the ancient structure is purchased in behalf of the Democratic party, which next fall will need to get in out of the wet.

The Chicago whisky men propose to make the question of the extension of the bonded period of whisky a political one, and ally themselves with whichever party will champion their interest. Here is a hint that Democratic platform-makers will not be slow to take.

Gov. Butler was invited to speak at a meeting of the striking telegraphers in Boston, but declined on the ground that there might be collision between the authorities and the strikers in which the Governor would be called upon to act, and consequently he must avoid the suspicion of partiality. The demagogue seems for once to have simulated decency.

The Straight-out Republicans of Virginia at their State convention on Wednesday, declared against all entangling alliances; adopted a protective tariff resolution; endorsed James G. Blaine for the Presidency; condemned the administration for aiding Mahone; opposed mixed schools; and favored civil service reform and the honest enforcement of the recent acts of Congress. There are a good many sound principles in the Straight-out creed.

Chairman Barnum contributes his mite to the controversy in regard to the attitude of Tilden toward Hancock in the campaign of 1880. According to Mr. Barnum Tilden was consulted beforehand in regard to Hancock's nomination and answered that the choice of Gen. Hancock would be agreeable to him; and after the campaign opened co-operated cordially with the Democratic managers. This statement will hardly settle the controversy. Mr. Tilden's nature is not of so open and frank a kind as to repel the suspicion of deceit and Mr. Barnum's management of the campaign was of so destructive a character that an enemy of Hancock could most heartily co-operate in it without doing violence to his feelings.

The local-option law passed by the lower house of the Georgia Legislature provides for a strict prohibition of the manufacture and sale of liquor. An election can be held on the question of prohibition on the petition of one-tenth of the qualified voters in a county, or of one-fifth in a city or town. It must be entirely separate from any other election, the ballots to be distinguished by the legends, "For whiskey" and "Against whiskey." The bill was passed by exactly the constitutional majority, one advocate of it being compelled to break his pair in order to vote for it. While the Georgia Democrats were passing this law the Democratic candidate for governor of Iowa was shouting for a saloon on every hilltop. Evidently the tariff question is not the only one on which the Democracy is badly mixed.

The Greenback party some years ago figured, as they supposed, the interest question on Government securities down to rock bottom. The ideal rate fixed for the "inter-convertible" bond was 3.65, so that $100 should produce in interest but one cent a day. But since the wise and skilful management of the public treasury, under Republican chiefs, has brought the interest down below the 3 65 standard the able financiers of the Greenback party don't exactly know what to do or say. They are debating whether to drop sixty-five days from the year or the 65 cents from the rate.—Indianapolis Journal (Rep.)

The harmony which at present exists in the Democratic party is sweeter than the ointment which runs down upon Hoadly's beard. The Enquirer says Hoadly is blanked by all of the Bill Allen Democracy; Charles Woodley says he is a blanked poor politician and ought to keep his mouth shut; Bill Hill says he is a "h—l" of a Democrat. A correspondent of the leading Democratic paper in the West says he bought his nomination for $50,000, and growled because it cost him so much. Kahlo, a leading Democrat of Toledo, also says Hoadly purchased his nomination. The Plain Dealer compared Hoadly with a mule, and has never apologized for it. The Elyria Constitution says of Hoadly: "Just look at his nose! it has the color of a red beet, and whisky is his God." On the other hand Hoadly has frequently said in his speeches that the Democratic party was corrupt, and he was opposed to its principles. He opposed a license law, although the Democratic party declares in favor of such a law. He is one of the worst kind of monopolists, though the Democratic party are professedly opposed to monopolies. Hoadly was once in favor of hanging Allen G. Thurman to a lamp post, and is so ashamed of his party associates that he would not run for governor except as a candidate of a new party. How sweet it is for brethren to dwell together in unity!—Cleveland Leader.

Impressions of Portland.

What a Visitor Observed on Different Occasions—Some Suggestions That Are Worth Consideration.

To the Editor of the Press:

It is not desirable to have Portland people made vain in their imaginations, but we have sometimes wondered if they were fully aware of the great attractions of their location and surroundings. Our first visit was in 1880; on the Eastern train we had inspected a guide-book which had a frontispiece of a sunset as seen from the western promenade, which we thought rather overwrought. On reaching your city and securing stateroom on the "Lewiston" we went out for an evening walk and bent our steps in the direction where we supposed the aforesaid promenade must lie. After ascending some steps we entered a street which for width, shade, and a look of substantial comfort, is not often surpassed. This, we afterwards found, was State street; it seemed to us that every cross street also supplied very comfortable dwelling places. In due time we found the open field, the very plain and unadorned character of which had an attraction, and a seat on the brow of the bluff, and it shall be owned that the sunset view there seen surpassed the picture in "Eastern Ramblings." There was the sun behind the long cloud, its "drawing-water" rays shooting out from behind in every direction, with the added feature of brilliant colors; the landscape view at one's feet, and far distant, with sheen of water and shade of bare and wooded mountain, made up a picture which has been since then many a time a theme of converse. The Eastern railroad guide book had also spoken of an eastern promenade, and it was proposed we also see that before dark. Finding horse-cars we were soon going through streets now somewhat familiar, but then new, and we thought remarkably clean. When we reached the open field at the east end the gloaming had begun, and the Falmouth and Cumberland shores across the bay were growing indistinct; but what could be seen of estuary, island and city outline had no small an attraction at that hour.

Turning back, and having sufficient time, it was suggested that we walk; we had heard of the Maine law, and that Portland was a sober and quiet city; to test the truth of the report we chose a path along the lower streets, not far from the wharves, where, if anywhere, we should find saloons and lewd fellows. We were not quite prepared for the contrast which was supplied. Our home was adjoining Holyoke, Mass., which is full of saloons and noisy, red-faced men. Whether all the worst element of Portland were off that evening to a horse-trot or a circus we know not; but we do know that in threading our way along that lower length of the city we enconntered no noisy knots of men, were stared at by no blear-eyed, fiery-faced fellows, saw no glaring saloon windows, with combined noise of poor music, tinkling glass and profanity behind green blinds, heard no comments about ourselves as we passed; and our frequent inquiries for the way were answered by the lounging, apparently, workingmen, both foreign and native, in a civil and courteous manner. Those were the impressions we got that July evening and carried away with us. Subsequent visits each summer have included a considerable part of the suburbs and islands. Heretofore we have wondered that none of the islands were made specially attractive for the masses; for no city of which we know has a better opportunity to supply its working people and children with healthful and attractive resorts. Our last visit included Peake's island and Greenwood garden. We believe it is an effort in the right direction, and think such attractions should be multiplied. But we searched in vain for a public bath house; at Nahant, Swamscott, Point of Pines, Nantasket and Martha's Vineyard one sees scores of bathers at all hours of pleasant summer days; but not one did we see in Portland harbor. Why is there not a row of bath houses at the foot of Greenwood Park to let, with bathing suits, and dozens of merry children and adults tumbling and splashing in the water on the fine sand we saw at the foot of the bluff just there?

It is not pleasant to add that during our last visit, the present summer, the impression was left on our minds that your blessed Maine law was not being enforced so faithfully as heretofore. It seemed to us that there was evidence that liquor could be more easily got, and that there were more noisy men at the street corners, while one of our friends encountered two drunken men during a short walk Sunday afternoon. We know no city which can compare in good order and quietness with Portland, unless it be New Bedford, but that has much more liquor selling and drunkenness. You of Portland have a priceless possession in your sobriety. May you realize and keep it!

We have not spoken of many of your attractions, such as Deering Oaks and your beautiful cemetery; but with a continuance of public spirit and temperance principles faithfully practiced Portland may easily become the *most* attractive city of the New England sea board, or land, as she has long been one of them.

A VISITOR.

Cuticura REMEDIES
THE GREAT SKIN CURES

To cleanse the skin, Scalp and Blood of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Scrofulous, Inherited and Contagious Humors, Blood Poisons, Ulcers, Abcesses, and Infantile Skin Tortures, the CUTICURA REMEDIES are infallible. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, expels disease germs from the blood and perspiration, and thus removes the *cause*. CUTICURA the great Skin Cure, instantly allays Itching and Inflammation, clears the Skin and Scalp, heals Ulcers and Sores, restores the Complexion. CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier and Toilet Requisite, is indespensable in treating skin diseases, and for rough, chapped, or greasy skin, blackheads, blotches, and baby humors. CUTICURA REMEDIES are the only infallible blood purifiers and skin beautifiers.

Chas. Houghton, Esq., lawyer, 28 State Street, Boston, reports a case of Salt Rheum under his observation for ten years, which covered the patient's body and limbs, and to which all known methods of treatment had been applied without benefit, which was completely cured solely by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, leaving a clean and healthy skin.

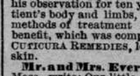
Mr. and Mrs. Everitt Stebbins, Berchertown, Mass., write: Our little boy was terribly afflicted with Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and Erysipelas ever since he was born, and nothing we could give him helped him until we tried CUTICURA REMEDIES, which gradually cured him, until he is now as fair as any child.

H. E. Carpenter, Henderson, N. Y., cured of Psoriasis or Leprosy, of twenty years' standing, by CUTICURA REMEDIES. The most wonderful cure on record. A dustpan full of scales fell from him daily. Physicians and his friends thought he must die. Cure sworn to before a justice of the peace and Henderson's most prominent citizens.

Hon. William Taylor, Health Commissioner, Boston, says: After three months' use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and 12 years of as constant suffering from Scrofulous Humor of the face, neck, and scalp as was ever endured, I can say that I am cured and pronounce my case the most remarkable on record.

Sold by all druggists. Cuticura, 50 cents; RESOLVENT, $1; SOAP, 25 cents.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co. Boston, Mass.



Saufords' Radical Cure Instantly relieves and permanently cures every form of Catarrh from a Head Cold to Catarrhal Consumption. **Complete Treatment with Inhaler, $1.**

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Cholera!

CHOLERA MORBUS
CHOLERA INFANTUM
ASIATIC CHOLERA
ALL CHOLERA DISEASES
YIELD TO THE INFLUENCE OF
Perry Davis's Pain Killer
The GREAT REMEDY for every kind of BOWEL DISORDER.

"Captain Ira B. Foss, of Goldsborough, Maine, says: "One of my sailors was attacked severely with cholera morbus. We administered Pain Killer, and saved him."

J. W. Simonds, Brattleboro, Vt., says: "In cases of cholera morbus and sudden attacks of summer complaints, I have never found it to fail."

ALL THE DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

2

A TRUE assistant to nature in restoring the system to perfect health, thus enabling it to resist disease, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

COCHRAN, GA.—Dr. A. J. Lamb says: "I never met with a remedy that gave more satisfaction in cases of debility and prostration than Brown's Iron Bitters."

OWENTON, KY.—Rev. J. W. Waldrop says: "Brown's Iron Bitters greatly relieved me of general debility and indigestion."

HARD PINE FLOORING, &c., of all thicknesses, widths and qualities. **James & Abbot,** 58 Kilby St., BOSTON.
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has opened an office in Portland and can be found at **No. 276 Middle St.** over Edward's and Walker's Hardware store from Aug 6, to Aug 27

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Dealer in Wood and Metal Type, and all kinds of Printers' Materials. Advertisements inserted in all paper in the United States or Canadas at publishers' owest prices Send for estimates.

FOUND IN A BOX.

MR. JOHN KINSMAN, of Augusta, Me., writes, May 10, 1883, as follows: "I have been afflicted for some years with a severe kidney trouble, and having noticed an article in one of our papers of the wonderful cures Hunt's Remedy had performed in many cases of dropsy, bladder and kidney troubles, and finding a bottle in a box of straw packing, I concluded I would try it, and commenced to take it, when, to my surprise, I found that the first bottle benefited me so much that I decided that I would continue its use, and I kept on taking it until I had used in all six bottles, and my appetite is good, all pains in the back and side disappeared, and for one of my years (I am now eighty years old) I am able to attend to my business, and am strong and vigorous, as many of my friends and neighbors can testify that know me well. I beg to state also, that many of our neighbors have used Hunt's Remedy with equally as good results, and one of my friends who has just purchased a bottle of Guppy, Kinsman & Alden, of Portland, says he 'would not be without it at any price.'"

THE BAKER'S WAY.

MR. ALFRED NADEAN, No. 62 Lincoln street Lewiston, Me., writes us, May 14, 1883: "I have been severely afflicted for a long time with indigestion and liver complaint, and at times all that I ate so distressed me that I could not bear the sight of food. I had tried a good many different remedies for my complaint, and they all failed, until one day Mr. Martel, one of our druggists in Lewiston, recommended Hunt's Remedy, as he knew of so many who had used it here with great success for kidney, liver, and urinary troubles, as well as indigestion, and upon his recommendation I finally concluded to try a bottle, and commenced taking, with very little faith in it. The first bottle helped me so much that I purchased two more, and it has done me a wonderful amount of good, and cured me of indigestion. I can eat all kinds of food now, and can truly recommend Hunt's Remedy as a sure cure for indigestion, liver and kidney diseases."

PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE.

MR. GEO. D. BATES, of No. 32 Cottage Street, Lewiston, Me., a reliable and prominent citizen, imparts the following information, May 14 1883:—

"Having learned of the valuable qualities of Hunt's Remedy in a practical manner, I beg to state that I consider it a remedy of great merit, and can most cheerfully recommend it to any one troubled with kidney or liver diseases."

SUMMER HOTELS.

THE WALDO.
Little Chebeague Island, Portland Harbor, Me.

THIS Hotel, just completed by the Little Chebeague Island Association, will be open to the public July 9, 1883.

This Island, seven miles from Portland, in full view of the city, is the gem of "Casco Bay."

The Hotel contains sixty sleeping rooms of good size, broad halls, spacious dining room and parlor, veranda on all sides, 14 feet wide; lighted throughout with gas; electric bells in every room; pure spring water conducted into each story; drainage perfect; good sea bathing; every facility for sailing, shore and deep sea fishing; communications with the city regular and reliable, two steamers making round trips from Portland, four times per day. Terms reasonable. For information and terms address "THE WALDO," Little Chebeague Island, Portland, Maine, or ROLLINS & ADAMS, No. 22 Exchange Street, Portland, Maine. jy3dtf

SUMMER RESORT.
Martha's Grove, Fryeburg.

This is one of the most quiet, restful and at the same time attractive places to be found among the hills of Maine; and as a place for children cannot be surpassed. Splendid water is one of its attractions as well as the green and park-like appearance of the whole grounds. We are prepared to accomodate a few more boarders from August 15 to September 15

At the Low Price of $5 per Week

For further particulars inquire of Nutter, Kimball & Co., No. 418 Fore street, Wm. Milliken & Co., No. 582 Congress street, Frank B. Clark, No. 515 Congress street, N. Waterhouse, with Eastman Bros. & Bancroft, or F. A. Smith, No. 132 Commercial street, Portland, Me. aug14d1w

EDUCATIONAL.

English and Classical School,
485 1-2 Congress Street.
Fall term will begin
MONDAY, SEPT. 3.
Pupils admitted at any time. For further information address CYRUS B. VARNEY, A. M., Deering, Maine.
au3eod5w

EDUCATIONAL.
1883. The NEW CALENDAR of the 1884. NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY of MUSIC Beautifully Illustrated. 64 pages. SENT FREE to yourself and musical friends. Send names and addresses to E. TOURJEE, Franklin Sq., Boston, Mass. *The Largest and best appointed Music, Literary and Art School, and HOME for young ladies, in the world.*
jn22 d1aw8wF

St. Catharine's Hall,
AUGUSTA, ME.
Diocesan School for Girls, under the direction of the Bishop of Maine.
MADAME MONDAN, - - Principal.
Assisted by seven competent teachers.
MRS. A. S. PROTHINGHAM, - - Matron.
This school affords thorough instruction in all departments, with full college course in Latin and Greek. Modern Languages and Conversation Classes under the charge of native teachers. Special advantages for the study of Music and Art.
TERMS: $250 a year. Sixteenth school year opens September 20.
Address the Matron as above until Sept. 1st, after which date inquiries may be made of the Principal.
jly9 eod2m.

MRS. THROOP'S
ENGLISH AND FRENCH SCHOOL
—FOR—
Young Ladies and Children,
Will re-open SEPTEMBER 24th, 1883.
For circulars, address MRS. THROOP, No. 51 High st. Portland, Me. jy9eod till oct1

Westbrook Seminary and Female College
Courses of Instruction—Common English, one year; Higher English, including Business Course, three years; College Preparatory, Ladies' Collegiate, Scientific, each four years.
Experienced Teachers, good accommodations, low prices. First (Fall) Term (1883) begins TUESDAY, SEPT. 4th; ends Friday, Dec. 7th.
Address
J. P. WESTON, President,
Westbrook Seminary, Deering, Me.
aug1-dtsep3

Portland Business College
The oldest in the State. Penmanship, and all the COMMERCIAL branches of a BUSINESS education. For further information, Address, L. A. Gray, A.M. Portland.
Institution of Thorough Book-keeping, collateral BUSINESS information, COMM'L LAW
Students will be admitted on and after August 1st, 1883. jy26d&w4w

Instruction in English and Classical Studies
given to private pupils by the subscriber
J. W. COLCORD,
143 Pearl Street.
jan24 dtf

MEETINGS.

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL Meeting of the Stockholders of Diamond Island Association will be held at the New Restaurant Building, Diamond Island, Wednesday, Aug. 22nd, A. D. 1883, at 2½ o'clock p. m., for the purpose of considering proposed changes in laying out the Public Grounds, and of transacting such other business as may legally come before said meeting.

The Stockholders are requested to invite their ladies and friends interested in the cottage system to be present on said occasion, where every facility will be afforded to examine the natural advantages of said Island for summer residences. Baked Beans from the New Oven" and hot coffee will be served in the Restaurant at 1 o'clock, p. m.

Forest City Steamboats will leave for the Island at 9 and 10.30 a. m., 12 m., and 2 p. m.

Per Order of the President,
F. J. LARRABEE, Sec'y.
aug7 dtd

ART NOTICE.

Strangers visiting Portland will find it to their advantage to call at my
FINE ART STORE
— FOR —
ART GOODS!
— AND —
Artists' Material
and Fine Framing. Special attention to filling order for Artists and Tourists. Orders by mail promptly and correctly filled. Sketching outfits a specialty.
J. T. STUBBS,
400 Congress St.
Opp City Hall, - PORTLAND, ME.
jy25 dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

-:- CARD! -:-

On Friday, August 17th,

We shall close our Store at 4 o'clock p. m., in order to complete stock taking this week.

COMMENCING THIS MORNING

and continuing until that time, we shall hold a clearing sale of various lots of goods at less than regular prices.

EASTMAN BROS. & BANCROFT
aug14 dtd

THIS WEEK

Special Sale of fine Lisle Hosiery in all the New Shades and Sizes.

LOT	NO.	1	REDUCED	FROM	.83	TO	.54
"	"	2	"	"	1.00	"	.75
"	"	3	"	"	1.25	"	.75
"	"	4	"	"	1.37	"	.75
"	"	5	"	"	1.50	"	1.00
"	"	6	"	"	1.62	"	1.00
"	"	7	"	"	1.88	"	1.25
"	"	8	"	"	2.00	"	1.50
"	"	9	"	"	2.25	"	1.50
"	"	10	"	"	2.50	"	1.50
"	"	11	"	"	3.00	"	2.00

These goods are all in fine French Lisle and will be appreciated by all lovers of fine Hosiery.

FRANK GOUDY, 561 Congress St,
Between Oak and Green. jy30 dtf

-:- CANES! -:-

TO-DAY we shall sell 500 Walking Sticks and Canes at 25 CENTS EACH, which have been selling at 38 to 60 cents; also at same time about 200 Sticks at 10 cents each.

Owen, Moore & Co.
aug14 dtf

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

restores with the gloss and freshness of youth faded or gray hair to a natural, rich brown color or deep black, as may be desired. By its use light or red hair may be darkened, thin hair thickened and baldness often though not always cured.

It checks falling of the hair, and stimulates a weak and sickly growth to vigor. It prevents and cures scurf and dandruff, and heals nearly every disease peculiar to the scalp. As a Ladies' Hair Dressing, the VIGOR is unequalled; it contains neither oil nor dye, renders the hair soft, glossy and silken in appearance, and imparts a delicate, agreeable, and lasting perfume.

MR. C. P. BELCHER writes from *Kirby, O., July 3, 1882*: "Last fall my hair commenced falling out, and in a short time I became nearly bald. I used part of a bottle of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, which stopped the falling of the hair and started a new growth. I have now a full head of hair growing vigorously, and am convinced that but for the use of your preparation I should have been entirely bald."

J. W. BOWEN, proprietor of the *McArthur (Ohio) Enquirer*, says: "AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is a most excellent preparation for the hair. I speak of it from my own experience. Its use promotes the growth of new hair, and makes it glossy and soft. The VIGOR is also a sure cure for dandruff. Not within my knowledge has the preparation ever failed to give entire satisfaction."

MR. ANGUS FAIRBAIRN, leader of the celebrated "Fairbairn Family" of Scottish Vocalists, writes from *Boston, Mass., Feb. 6, 1880*: "Ever since my hair began to give silvery evidences of the change which fleeting time procureth, I have used AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, and so have been able to maintain an appearance of youthfulness—a matter of considerable consequence to ministers, orators, actors, and in fact every one who lives in the eyes of the public."

MRS. O. A. PRESCOTT, writing from *18 Elm Street, Charlestown, Mass., Feb. 14, 1882*, says: "Two years ago, about two-thirds of my hair came off. It thinned ver rapidly, and I was fast growing bald. On using AYER'S HAIR VIGOR the falling stopped, and a new growth commenced, and in about a month my head was completely covered with short hair. It has continued to grow and is now as good as before it fell. I regularly used one bottle of the VIGOR, but now use it occasionally as a dressing."

We have hundreds of similar testimonials of the efficacy of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. It needs but a trial to convince the most skeptical of its value.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.
sept4 MW&F&w1w

SWEDISH REMEDIES!

Swedish Botanic Compound — An Alterative Tonic & Blood Purifier. It purifies the blood, strengthens the system and acts like a charm on the digestive organs.

Swedish Lung Balsam — Cures all diseases of the Lungs.

Swedish Pepsin Pills — Cures Constipation.

SWEDISH REMEDIES
When taken together according to directions, have times and times again cured CONSUMPTION in the first and second stages. Thousands of testimonials of its wonderful cures. Write for pamphlets and circulars—Sent Free.
P. W. A. BERGNGREN, M. D., Proprietor.
Lynn, Mass.

I consider Swedish Botanic Compound the best Blood Purifier and Spring Medicine in use.
W. H. WATSON, Lynn, Mass.

A lady writes: "After years of severe suffering from female complaints, nervousness and dyspepsia your Swedish Botanic Compound has entirely cured me."

SWEDISH REMEDIES.
au16 For Sale by all Druggists. eod&w1y

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER
SAYS OF
DR. TOWNSEND'S REMEDY
FOR
HAY FEVER, ASTHMA AND CATARRH.
BROOKLYN, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1881
"I believe it will be sure in ninety cases in a hundred."
BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct., 17, 1882.
"I am happy to say that your remedy has served me a *second* season fully as well as the last year."
Pamphlets with Mr. Beecher's full letters and other testimonials furnished on application.
Prepared only by
DR. H. H. TOWNSEND, Prostburg, Md.
Price 50 cents and $1.50 per bottle.
For sale by JOHN W. PERKINS & CO., 94 Commercial St., Portland, Me., and by the drug trade generally. jn20eod till aug18

Rupture
CURED without truss, torture, operation or interference with labor. Likenesses of cases before and after cured can be seen at the office of the RUPTURE CURE, 43 MILK STREET, BOSTON.

ARTIFICIAL EYES
INSERTED. Warranted perfect, both in color and movement. OFFICE, 78 TREMONT ST., Boston.

STEPHEN BERRY,
Book, Card and Job Printer.
No. 37 Plum Street.
jn8 d

Partnership.

ZENAS R. FARRINGTON, is admitted a member of our firm from this date, August 1, 1883.
aug13d1w H. N. NEVENS & CO.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

GALA DAY AT GREENWOOD GARDEN,
Friday, Aug. 17, 1883.
STEAMER EMITA will leave FRANKLIN WHARF every hour for Greenwood
Among the attractions for the day will be the
High Wire Ascension of Prof. Parks, forenoon, afternoon and evening
Submarine Explosion, Tub Race, Day Fireworks, Eruption of Mt. Vesuvius,
Dr. Merlin will furnish amusement day and evening.
Fare 25 cts round trip, including admission to the Garden aug15-d3t

SAIL DOWN THE BAY
—ON—
STEAMER GAZELLE,
Sunday Afternoon, Aug. 19th.
Steamer will leave Custom House Wharf at 2.15 for a sail among the Islands of the Bay.
Fare: Adults 25c., Children 10c. au17d2t

Base Ball.
DIRIGOS vs. JOHN L. WHITINGS of Boston,
PRESUMPSCOT PARK.
Saturday Afternoon, Aug. 18th,
ame called at 3.00 o'clock sharp au16-3t

FINANCIAL.

BONDS.

Portland Water Co., 1st mortgage,	6s
Lewiston	4s
Cincinnati	5s and 7s
St Louis	6s
Maine Central R. R. Cons. Mort.	7s
Northern Pac. R. R. General Mort.	6s
St. Paul & No. Pac. R. R. guaranteed	6s
Car Trust and Equipment Bonds and U. S. Securities, for sale by	

SWAN & BARRETT
186 Middle Street.
aug2 PORTLAND, ME. eodtf

J. B. Brown & Sons,
BANKERS,
218 Middle Street,
Offer for Sal

Maine Central	7s.
Portland and Kennebec	6s.
Androscoggin and Kennebec	6s.
Portland and Ogdensburg	6s.
City of Portland	6s

and other first-class bonds and stocks.
Sterling and Continental Exchange bought and sold at most favorable rates.
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BONDS.

Gardiner, Me.,	4s
Brunswick, Me.,	4s
Lewiston, Me.,	4s
Portland, Me.,	6s
Portland Water Co.,	6s
Railroad Equipment Co.,	6s
St. Paul & No. Pacific (guaranteed by No. Pac. R. R.)	6s
Maine Central R. R.	7s
Cleveland, Ohio,	7s

— FOR SALE BY —
WOODBURY & MOULTON,
Corner Exchange & Middle Sts.
aug1 eodtf

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 18 New Street, also 9 Wall Street, N. Y.
(NEXT DOOR TO THE STOCK EXCHANGE.)
Bankers and Commission Merchants.
Securities and Products bought and sold on commission for cash or on margin, 4 per cent. allowed on deposits. Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange, N. Y. Produce Exchange, N. Y. Mining Exchange, Petroleum Exchange, and the Chicago Board of Trade. Private wire to Chicago.
N. Y. BRANCHES { 953 Broadway, cor. 23d St. connected by Private wires } Grand Cent. Hotel op. Bond St. 346 Broadway cor. Leonard St.
jly23 eodtf

BONDS.
Government, State, Municipal and School Bonds bought and sold. Special attention given to bonds of large cities and counties! Write us if you wish to buy or sell.
PRESTON, KEAN & CO.,
Bankers, Chicago.
mar6 eod6m

MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY
Middletown, Connecticut.
Incorporated under the laws of Connecticut, and subject to the inspection of the
STATE BANK COMMISSIONERS.
6 PER CENT. GUARANTEED BONDS
secured by First Mortgage. Interest payable at Middletown, or at the Fourth National Bank of New York. If you wish an investment, whether large or small, which will be SAFE and profitable, send for circular giving full information.
apr21 6meod

$200 A YEAR CAN BE SAVED
In the LIVING EXPENSES of the Family
by the use of REX MAGNUS, The Humiston Food Preservative. It preserves Meat, Fish, Milk, Cream, Eggs and all kinds of Animal Food fresh and sweet for weeks, even in the hottest weather. This can be proved by the testimonials of hundreds who have tried it. You can prove it for yourself for 50 cents. You will find that this is an article which will save you a great deal of money.
NO SOURED MILK. NO SPOILED MEAT. NO STALE EGGS.
It will keep them fresh and sweet for many days and does not impart the slightest foreign taste to the articles treated. It is so simple in operation that a child can follow the directions, *is as harmless as salt* and costs only a fraction of a cent to a pound of meat, fish, butter or cheese or to a qu rt of milk. This is no humbug; it is endorsed by ue men as Prof. Sam'l W. Johnson of Yale College. Sold by druggists and grocers. Sample pounds sent prepaid by mail or express (as we prefer) on receipt of price. Name your express office. Viandine brand for meat; Ocean Wave for fish and sea food; Snow Flake for milk, butter and cheese; Anti-Ferment, Anti-Fly and Anti-Mold, 50c per lb. each. Pearl for cream; Queen for eggs, and Aqua Vitæ for fluid extracts, $1 per lb. each.
The Humiston Food Preserving Co.,
72 KILBY STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
For sale by S. S. Sleeper & Co., Cobb, Bates & Yerxa, Gilman Brothers, I. Bartlett Patten & Co., Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Ware & Hastings Bros., Carter Harris & Hawley and Weeks & Potter, Boston, Mass. jy30-d&w1m

TWINE CROCHET Makes beautiful Lambrequins, Sofa Pillow and Ottoman Covers, Toilet and Table Mats, Counterpanes, Sheet and Pillow Shams, Carriage Robes, Hammocks and Drapery. Instruction Books and all material for this new fancy work at the Warerooms of the "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO. Cor. CONGRESS & EXCHANGE STS. Ladies at the head. "

THE PRESS.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 17.

THE PRESS.

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of N. G Fessenden, Marquis, Brunell & Co., Armstrong, Wentworth, Hodgson, Robert Costello, Gilpatrick, Jewett, Rose, McFarland, Watson, Strange, Stimson, Gould, Lanagan, Boston & Maine Depot, and Chisholm Bros., on all trains that run out of the city.
Auburn, Willard Small & Co.
Augusta, J. F. Pierce.
Bangor, Bangor News Co.
Bar Harbor, F. S. Jordan.
Bath, J. O. Shaw.
Biddeford, F. M. Burnham.
" A. L. Jellerson.
Brunswick, B. G. Dennison.
Cumberland Mills, F. A. Verrill.
Damariscotta, E. W. Dunbar.
Freeport, W. A. Mitchell.
Fryeburg, R. C. Harmon.
Fairfield, E. H. Evans.
Farmington, D. H. Knowlton.
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Gorham, Jas. H. Irish & Co.
Hallowell, C. L. Spaulding.
Lewiston, Chandler & Estes.
Livermore Falls, G. D. Hughes.
Mechanic Falls, A. W. Bridge, E. A. Thomas.
Norway, S. L. Crockett, A. O. Noyes.
Old Orchard, Geo. E. Fogg, A. L. Jellison.
Richmond, G. A. Beale.
Rockland, O. S. Andrews.
Sabattus, E. H. Johnson.
Saccarappa, F. E. Webb.
Saco, H. B. Kendrick & Co.,
Springvale, C. H. Pierce.
So. Paris, A. M. Gerry.
Thomaston, S. Delano.
Vinalhaven, H. M. Roberts.
Waldoboro, G. Bliss.
Waterville, J. S. Carter.
Yarmouth, W. E. Smith.

The icroscope.

Some Odd Popular Superstition Connected With It—Its Powers and Peculiarities.

[Cleveland Leader.]

"Tell me something about the microscope," said a Herald reporter yesterday to a well-known worker with that instrument.

"Well, if you rre ready to take notes enough to fill a book, all right. I warn you, though, that it's a big subject."

"You can tell a few things about it that will be of interest. In the first place what does an instrument like that cost?"

"About $700 or $800. A good enough one for ordinary work can be procured for $50 or $60; from that all the way up."

"How many times does your microscope magnify?"

"That question is the shibboleth of microscopy. The uninitiated always ask that question, and always suppose that the higher the power capable of being used the more valuable the instrument. All nonsense. I have used as high as 100,000 diameters, but the result was not nearly so satisfactory as if I had used 3,000. The ordinary work for which a physician would use a microscope would require from 100 to 500 diameters only, while special work can be done with ease with from 2,000 to 5,000 diameters power. There's a point you must look out for in buying microscopes from ordinary instrument sellers. Half the time they will confound the 'times' and 'diameters.' The diameter, as of course you know, is the distance across the object, and if an object is magnified 500 diameters it is magnified 250,000 times, or just the square of the diameter. You can easily see that there is quite a difference in point of fact between the two dimensions in measurement, and any confusion of the terms is apt to mislead.

It is astonishing to note the awful ignorance in which the general public is steeped with regard to the microscope. Ask most any respectable citizen of only ordinary education what it is makes the microscope magnify, and it is ten to one he or she ever even gave the subject a thought, he will say that it is the peculiar quality of the glass in the lenses. He will be rather suspicious of his informant's veracity when he is told that it is the degree of curvature which makes the glass a magnifier. To be sure, there is some shadow of truth in the supposition that a peculiar kind of glass is used. There are two kinds of glass which tend to correct each other's inaccuracies. The glass is cooled so gradually, and stirred so constantly, that it is perfectly homogeneous, and there are no streaks of uneven density and no bubbles or other flaws. Common, cheap microscopes have any kind of glass for lenses even to window-glass."

"What is the primitive microscope?"

"A drop of water. Not a bad one either, only it is inconvenient to work. The early microscopes were immense things, some of them being six feet long and having great uncorrected lenses two or three inches in diameter, being in fact young telescopes. With every year the differentiation from the telescope has been more and more marked. That suggests another popular notion which is as incorrect as popular notions are apt to be. The average citizen has no conception of such a thing as a focus to a microscope. He has an idea that if the microscope is simply pointed at an object it can be seen as well as not. He seems to think that it can be used for star-gazing. In fact, I have had people ask me, 'And can you look at the stars with this thing, too?'"

"You spoke a moment ago about the various magnifying powers; how can you tell how high a power is used? Is it marked on the lenses?"

"No fine instruments make any specific claim for powers. The operator himself figures out each time how high a power he uses. Every microscopist has a micrometer which he uses to measure the power. Here is one. It is a little flake of glass 3-1000 of an inch in thickness cemented on to a slide which is perhaps a fiftieth of an inch thick. On this are engraved with a diamond-pointed tool lines drawn at intervals of the one-thousandth of an inch apart. When it is desired to estimate the power being used, the tube of the microscope is put in a horizontal position, the eye-piece is taken out and instead a peculiarly shaped prism is inserted, which is so arranged that the rays from the microscope enter the upper half of the pupil of the eye, while with the lower half a sheet of paper can be seen which is placed ten inches from the eye. The lines are then traced on the paper as they appear to the observer. The distance between the traced lines is measured and divided by the actual distance between the mic ometer lines, and the result is the magnifying power."

"The value of a microscope consists in its power to show things distinctly at all powers. To test this a plate of glass is engraved in the same manner as the micrometer with the exception that the lines are not so deep, and they run in bands. Here is a test-plate ruled with lines varying from 1 50000th to 1-250,000th of an inch apart."

"Can the finest lines be seen?"

"No. It is simply an article of faith that they exist. No one has seen them yet. The man who made the plates knows he set the feed to cut that many lines to the inch. It was within the last few years that the possibility of engraving 80,000 lines to the inch was doubted. I myself have seen 110,000, and one man has claimed to be able to see 154,000, but it is a little doubtful. These micrometers have to be engraved very carefully, as a man's life and death may depend upon the exactitude of their measurement. Prof. Rogers, of Cambridge Observatory, had a machine made to engrave the lines. It cost him $4,500, and took three years and a half to finish."

"What do you mean by saying that a man's life or death may hang on the exact measurement of a line?"

"Suppose there is a murder trial. The evidence of a microscopist is required to show whether certain stains of blood are of human origin or not. There is no difference in the shape of the constitution of the blood corpuscles in man or the lower warm-blooded animals; the only difference is that of size, and that has to be determined by the average corpuscle rather than one alone. The blood of a rabbit may have some corpuscles in it as large as some in human blood, but the average is smaller. The only family of mammals that does not have round corpuscles is the camel family. The blood of birds and reptiles has oval corpuscles with well defined nuclei or spots in the center."

"Tell me some more popular errors in regard to the microscope."

"One very odd one and very common one is that every drop of water we drink is teeming with animal life. There never was a greater mistake. It is very rarely, indeed, in lake water that animalculæ are to be found. If a little bit of grass, or shred of meat, or any organic matter be left in water for two or three days, there they can be found. It is supposed that a peculiar kind of organism like eels can be found in vinegar. It may be that way back in the country, where they make vinegar out of apples, and not of aquafortis, there may be some, but they don't seem to thrive in city vinegar. Another thing, people think that hairs are hollow. The hair is no more hollow than a fence post, and the coloring matter, instead of being filled in a tube, is mixed up in the cells of the hair. The mistake never would have occurred if it was recollected that the hair is but a modification of the epidermis. Then there is another idea that the human skin is as full of pores as a sponge."

The fallacy of this idea was demonstrated by the microscopist's taking a slice with a razor off his hand and putting it on a slide. The reporter was surprised to find that the pores were very scarce indeed, appearing to be about a fiftieth of an inch apart.

Wit and Wisdom.

Make a politician of some tailors, and he will always be talking about men and measures.—New Orleans Picayune.

The velocity at which a man can move varies under different circumstances. Going to a dentist's, a quarter of a mile can be easily traversed in three and one-half minutes, while in chasing a train, or hurrying to bank just about closing time, a man who can run eight hundred yards in twenty minutes, has to have wings to do it.—Hawkeye.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Excellent Results.

DR. J. L. WILLIS, Elliot, Me., says: "Horsford's Acid Phosphate gives most excellent results."

"Turn the rascals out! Build more penitentiaries!" shrieks an excited Missouri contemporary, getting warmed up over politics. Gammon, man; what do we want with more penitentiaries if we are going to "turn the rascals out"? Go inside, if you feel lonesome.

Many times you want to keep meat or fish for several days. Lay it in a solution of Rex Magnus over night and you can keep it for weeks. You can also keep milk a week or more by stirring in a little of the "Snow Flake brand.

Oscar Wilde's new tragedy is able to sit up and feed itself with a spoon. It is hoped that it will soon be strong enough to stand the trip to America, where the British government will have secret agents instructed to kill it if ever it shows symptoms of homesickness.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla acts directly and promptly, to purify and enrich the blood, improve the appetite, strengthen the nerves, and brace up the system. It is in the truest sense an *altera tive* medicine. Every invalid should give it trial.

John Wesley's breastpin was among the articles offered for sale at a recent London fair. Mr. Wesley, it is believed, was not a hotel clerk, and his pin did not attract much attention.—New Orleans Picayune.

The great sale of Swedish Remedies is astonishing, and for enrichiug the blood, creating an appetite, or strengthening the whole system nothing can surpass these remedies.

An English nobleman said to a brother peer who was complaining of the coldness of the House of Lords whenever he addressed it: "I am becoming accustomed to it, but at first I felt like speaking to gravestones in a cemetery."

Use, instead of unwholesome cosmetics-Glenn's Sulphur Soap, which purifies the skin.

"Hill's Hair Dye," black or brown, fifty cents.

The gentlemen who loaf about the Common all day and sleep there at night may not be very energetic individuals, but it is a common complaint of the city forester that they don't let the grass grow under their feet.—Boston Transcript.

BRIDE'S CAKE.—One cup sugar, one cup butter, whites of six eggs, two cups flour, one cup sweet milk, two teaspoons Congress Yeast Powder. Bake half anhour.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Portland Daily Wholesale Market.

PORTLAND, Aug. 16.

There is a steady demand for Flour and prices are firmly held at old quotations. Corn is strong with an upward tendency. Sugars are reported firm and in good request at 9c for granulated and 8⅛c for Extra C. In Hides we notice an easier market and all grades show a decline of from ½c to 2½c ℔ lb, the greatest drop being on Calf Skins. Rendered Tallow 7½c ℔ lb. At Chicago to-day Cattle were off 10@20c, except on top grades.

The following are to-day's quotations of Flour, Grain, Provisions, &c.

Flour.

Superfine and low grades	3 50@4 50
X Spring and XX Spring	5 00@6 00
Patent Spring Wheats	7 50@8 00
Michigan Winter straights	5 25@5 75
Do roller	6 25@6 50
St. Louis Winter straights	6 00@6 25
Do roller	6 50@6 75
Winter Wheat patents	6 75@7 25

Grain.

B.M.Corn, car lots	68½
Mix Corn, car lots	@66½
Corn, bag lots	70@72
Oats, car lots	47½
Oats, bag lots	50
Meal "	68
CottonSeed, car lots	28 00
CottonSeed, bag lots	30 00
SackedBran car lot	18 00@19 00
do bag lots	23 50
Middlings, car lots	24 00
do bag lots	26 50
Rye	1

Provisions.

Pork—	
Backs	19 50@19 75
Clear	18 50@18 75
Mess	17 50@18 00
Mess Beef	12 00@12 50
Ex Mess	15 75@15 25
Plate	13 50@14 00
Ex Plate	14 50@15 00
Hams	13½@14c
Hams, covered	14½@16c
Eggs ℔ doz	22c
Lard—	
Tub, ℔ lb	9⅜@9½
Tierces	9⅛@9⅜
Pail	9¾@10¼

Produce.

Cranberries, ℔ bbl—	
Maine	12 00@13 00
Cape Cod	12 50@13 00
Pea Beans	2 50@2 75
Mediums	2 50@2 65
German med	2 00@2 25
Yellow Eyes	3 05@3 75
Onions ℔ bbl	3 50@4 00
Crates	1 50@
New Potatoes	@1 50
Eggs ℔ doz	@23c
Turkeys, ℔ lb	00c
Chickens	@25c
Fowl	18@20c

Seeds.

Red Top	3 75@4 00
Timothy	3 15@3 35
Clover	15 @16

Butter.

Creamery	25@26c
Gilt Edge Ver	23@24c
Choice	17@18c
Good	13@15c
Store	10@12c

Raisins.

Muscatel	1 70@2 40
London Layer	2 20@2 30
Ondura Val	7½@10½

Cheese.

Vermont	10@12
N Y Fact'y	10@12

Oranges.

Valencia	@
Messina	@
Messina	@
Palermo	5 50@6 00

Apples.

Eating ℔ bbl	5 00@5 50
Evaporated	10½@15
Dried Apples	3½@10
Sliced "	10@10½

Lemons.

Messina	4 50@6 00
Palermo	4 50@6 00

Sugar.

Granulated ℔ lb	9
Extra C	8½

Quotations and Values.

The delights and agonies of Wall street are illustrated by the shrinkages which have occurred during the past two years. These shrinkages may be estimated roughly at over two thousand million dollars. Such a statement, however, looks far more serious than it is, the truth being that, during the period here referred to, the wealth of the country has vastly increased, notably by the magnificent harvests of 1882. What has happened in Wall street is simply this. The nominal value of the shares has been cut down, and this has been done far less on the ground of diminished values than by manipulation and freight. An illustration of this is found in the report of the Chicago and Northwestern road, just published. The price of this stock has apparently, dropped about 30 per cent during the last twelve months. Yet the property of the road has increased, its gross earnings have increased, and its net income has not suffered, as might be inferred from the nominal value of the stock. During its fiscal year recently ended, the road has operated about 500 miles in addition to the 3000 miles operated during the preceeding year, all obligations have been met, dividends have been honest and generous, and yet the value of the road has gone down, if the gentlemen in Wall street are accepted as the proper judges. It is proper to infer, then, that the quotations in Wall street cannot be accepted as the final criterion of values.

The same fact may be established by a conditional case. For some reasons our government bonds command a very high premium. Yet if these bonds or one half of them, were suddenly offered for sale in Wall street, as railroad shares are, the price of the bonds would go down very fast, while their real value would remain substantially unchanged. From this fact a practical rule of conduct may be derived. The owners of shares usually estimate their value at the current quotations. When they try to realize the quotation value of the shares, the experiment usually fails, because the mere offer of a share on sale sends its price down. And, indeed, the whole mode of measuring values as is done in Wall street is questionable, although Wall street always operates on the assumption that money is a fixed measure, possessing a fixed value. How futile this is may appear from a computation like the following:

In 1882 the country produced about 505 million bushels of wheat, worth in Chicago, a year ago, about $1.15 per bushel, while the 400 million bushels of oats were worth about 50 cents a bushel, and the 1620 million bushels of corn about 55 cents a bushel. The Chicago quotations are those of a year ago, and seem to represent the following amounts:—

Wheat, worth	$580,750,000
Oats, worth	245,000,000
Corn, worth	1,377,000,000
Total	$2,202,750,000

These figures are not what the farmers received o the consumers paid; they simply represent the nominal value of the three kinds of grain, a year ago, in Chicago. The department estimates the value of the same commodities at about 1412 million dollars. But comparing the Chicago quotations of a year ago with those of to-day, and the amounts likely to be harvested this year, the result will be as follows:—

Wheat, 400 mill. bu., at $1 20			$480,000,000
Oats, 500 " " "	35c		175,000,000
Corn, 1700 " " "	62½		1,062,500,000
Total			$1,717,500,000

Apparently, then, the crop, as far as mentioned, is worth very much less than was that of last year, and the difference approaches five hundred million dollars. But, in reality, we have nearly as good a crop as we had a year ago, and both crops yield a gigantic surplus which swells the savings, the capital and the wealth of the country. We have more producers and more wealth than we had a year ago. Yet if quotations were the final judge, we should be vastly poorer than we were twelve months ago. In any event, the quotations in the speculative markets are not a finality, but an incident.—Boston Advertiser.

Hides and Tallow.

The following are Portland quotations on Hides and Tallow:

Ox and Steer Hides over 90 lbs weight	7c	℔ lb
Ox and Steer Hides between 30@90 lbs	6c	℔ lb
Steer Hides under 90 lbs	5½c	℔ lb
Cow Hides, all weights	5½c	℔ lb
Bull and Stag Hides, all weights	4c	℔ lb
Calf Skins	10c	℔ lb
Light and Deacon Skins	25 to 40c each	
Rendered Tallow	7½c	℔ lb

Foreign Imports.

ST JOHN, NB. Schr Afton—100,000 ft boards to Mark P Emery.

CALEDONIA, CB. Bark Journal—650 tons coal to Darrow, Mann & Co.

Foreign Exports.

HUMACOA, PR. Schr Mary D Haskell—3792 shooks and heads 36,729 ft lumber.

Railroad Receipts.

PORTLAND, Aug. 16.

Received by Maine Central Railroad, for Portland 30 cars miscellaneous merchandise; for connecting roads, 87 cars miscellaneous merchandise.

Dry Goods Wholesale Market.

The following quotations are wholesale prices, and corrected daily, of Woolens and Fancy Goods:

UNBLEACHED COTTONS.

Heavy 36 in.	7½@ 8½	Fine 7-4	14@17
Med. 36 in.	6½@ 7½	Fine 8-4	18@22
Light 36 in.	5 @ 6	Fine 9-4	22@26
Fine 40 in.	7½@ 9	Fine 10-4	27½@33

TICKINGS, ETC.

Tickings,		Drills	8@ 9
Best	15 @18	Corset Jeans	7@ 8
Medium	11 @14	Satteens	8@ 9½
Light	8 @10	Cambrics	5@ 5½
Denims	12½@16½	Silesias	10@20
Ducks-Brown 9/8	@12	Cotton Flannels	7@15
" Fancy 12	12½@16½	Twine & Warps	18@28½
Batting—Best			11½@13
" Good			8½@11½

BLEACHED COTTONS.

Best 36 in.	11½@13	Fine 6-4	15@20
Med. 36 in.	8 @11	Fine 7-4	19 @23
Light 36 in.	6 @ 7½	Fine 8-4	21 @26
42 in.	10 @14	Fine 9-4	25 @30
5-4	11 @17	Fine 10-4	27½@32½

Stock Market.

The following quotations of stocks are reported and corrected daily by Woodbury & Moulton, corner of Middle and Exchange streets.

BOSTON STOCKS.

A. T. & S. F.	80⅝
Boston & Maine	161
Flint & Pere Marquette common	22
Flint & Pere Marquette preferred	26⅞
L. R. & Ft Smith	20
Marquette, Hughton & Ont. common	33½
Mexican Central 7s	60½

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Denver & R. G.	61¾
Missouri Pac	95⅝
Omaha common	40¼
Wabash preferred	32⅝
Omaha preferred	101¼
Northern Pacific preferred	82½
Northern Pacific common	44

New York Stock and Money Market.

(By Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Money scarce at 2½@3 on call, closing at lower rate; prime mercantile paper 5½@6½. Exchange heavy at 482¼. Governments firm. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds are strong.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated 357,000 shares.

The following are to-day's closing quotations on Government Securities:

United States bonds, 3s	103½
do do 4½s, reg	112
do do 4½s, coup	113
do do 4s, reg	119
do do 4s, coup	119
Pacific 6s, '95	128

The following are the closing quotations Stocks:

Chicago & Alton	129¼
Chicago & Alton pref	140
Chicago, Burr & Quincy	122¼
Erie	31⅜
Erie pref	73¾
Illinois Central	126¾
Lake Shore	106½
Michigan Central	85½
New Jersey Central	35½
Northwestern	124
Northwestern pref	141
New York Central	116¼
Rock Island	120
St. Paul	101⅞
St. Paul pref	118
Union Pacific Stock	88¾
Western Union Tel	73⅞

California Mining Stocks.

(By Telegraph.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.—The following are the closing official quotations of mining stocks to-day:

Best & Belcher	4½
Ophir	3¼
Gould & Curry	3¾
Hale & Norcross	5½
Mexican	3
Eureka	6
Sierra Nevada	4½
Union Con	4⅝
Yellow Jacket	3
Savage	1⅞
Northern Belle	6¼

Boston Produce Market.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—The following were to-day's quotations of Butter, Cheese, Eggs and Potatoes:

Butter—We quote Western creameries at 21@23c for choice, 18@20c for fair and good; Northern creameries at 21@23c for choice, 18@20c for fair and good; New York and Vermont dairies 18@20c ℔ lb for choice, 15@17c for fair and good; choice Western dairy at 14@16c and Western ladle packed 13@15; choice grades in good demand and firm.

Cheese; dull; we quote N. Y. factory at 7½@8½c for fair and good; 6@7c for common.

Eggs—quiet, but fresh lots are firm; 22@23c for Eastern, 21@22c for New York and Vermont, 20@21½c for Nova Scotia and P E I.

Potatoes—We quote Jersey and Rhode Island at 1 65@1 75 ℔ bbl.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

(By Telegraph.)

CHICAGO, August 16—Hogs—Receipts 11,000 head; shipments 5000 head; steady; packing at 4 60@4 95; packing and shipping 5 00@5 30; light 5 30@5 90; skips 3 50@5 30.

Cattle—Receipts 10,000 head; shipments 5,00 hd; good choice shipping steers 5 00@5 75.

Sheep—Receipts 2200 head; shipments 590 head; good 3 75; choice 4 00.

Domestic Markets

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Flour market—Receipts 14,455 bbls: exports 454 bbls; quite firm, prices, however without material change with moderate export and fair local trade inquiry; sales 22,500 bbls.

Flour quotations—No 2 at 2 45@3 50; Superfine Western and State at 3 20@4 00; common to good extra Western and State 4 10@4 50; good to choice do at 4 60@7 25; common to choice White Wheat Western extra at 6 25@7 00; fancy do 7 10@7 50; common to good extra Ohio at 4 00@6 50; common to choice extra St. Louis at 4 00@7 75. Patent Minnesota extra good to prime 6 00@6 50; sales choice to double extra do at 6 80@7 50; including 4100 bbls City Mill extra s 5 35@6 00; 1100 bbls No 2 at 2 50@3 65; 600 bbls Superfine at 3 60@4 00; 1,100 low extra at 4 15@4 40; 6,500 bbls Winter Wheat extra at 4 15@7 50; 6,300 bbls Minnesota extra 4 15@7 60. Southern flour firmly held; common to fair 4 25@5 50; Rye flour is dull at 3 50@5 87½.

Wheat—receipts 120,246 bush; exports 9505 bu; spot less active and ¼@½c lower; options opened lower; closed stronger; speculative trade is rather quiet; sales 2,455 bush future, 265,000 bush spot; No 1 Spring 1 13@1 13½; No 4 Red 1 05@1 06; No 3 at 1 15¾@1 16 and 1 17@1 17 delivered; No 2 at 1 18½ store, 1 20@1 20½ elev, 1 21¾@1 22¼ delivered, No 1 Red State at 1 24; No 1 White State 1 21½. Rye—sales 16,000 Western delivery early September at 70½@70¾c; Canada and State at 77@79c. Corn—spot dull and ¼@½c lower; options opened ½@¾c lower, afterwards recovered ½ ¼, closing firm; export trade light; speculation less active; receipts 11,932 bush; exports 47,435 bush: sales 8085 bush future, 89,000 on spot; No 3 at 59 @60c; No 2 at 65c afloat; No 2 for August 63¾@ 64c, closing 63¾c; September at 62⅞@63c, closing 62⅝c; October at 62½@63¼c, closing at 62¾c; Nov at 62c. Oats—spot 3 lixed steady; White ½@1 higher; options ¼@½c lower, closing somewhat stronger and less doing: receipts 40,500 bush; exports —sales 320,000 bush futures, 726,000 bush spot: No 3 at 34c; do White 42c; No 2 at 36@36½; do White 40c; No 1 at 36½c; White 43@45c. Cut Meats Chicago 38c; Mixed Western at 37@40c; do White 40 @50c; Mixed State 40c; White 47@52½c, including 115,000 bush No 2 for August at 35½@35¾, closing at 35½c, 50,000 for September at 34¾@ 34⅞c, closing 34¾c; 125,000 do for October 35½ @35⅝, closing at 35½c. Sugar rather easier; refining 6 9-16@6 11-16c; refined dull—C at 6⅝@7; Extra C 7⅛@7⅜; White Extra C at 7⅜@7½; Cutting 7 11-16; standard A 8 3 16@8¼c; powdered at 8⅞@9; granulated at 8⅞c; Con. A 8 15-16c; cut loaf and crushed 9. Cubes at 8¾c. Molasses weak; 50 test at 24@24½. Rice—quiet and unchanged. Tallow firm; sales 65,000 lbs at 7¾@7 13-16c. Pork is lower; sales 60 bbls mess spot at 14 50; 150 clear back 18 50@19 50. Lard opened about 4 points lower afterwards recovered 3@4; closing firm and less doing in options; moderate export demand; sales 1250 tcs prime steam spot 8 60@8 67½; 175 city steam at 8 40@8 45; refined for continent at 9 05; S A 9 70. Butter steady; Penn. Creamery class 22½ @23; State 15@23; Western at 9@22. Cheese dull.

Freights to Liverpool steady; Wheat steam 3¾@4.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Flour quiet. Wheat—Regular easier at 1 02¼ for August; 1 03¾ for September; 1 05⅝ for October; 1 06¾ for November; 1 08 Chicago Spring at 1 02; No 3 do at 96c; No 2 Red Winter 1 09½. Corn is lower; 51½c cash and August; 50⅝c for September; 50¼@50⅝c October; 48⅝c for November. Oats weaker at 26½c for cash; 26⅛ for August; 26c for September; 26⅜c for October. Rye firm at 61¼c. Barley firmer 59⅞c cash. Pork nominally unchanged at 12 15@12 30 cash and for August, 12 17½@12 20 for September; 12 30@ 12 32½ for October; 11 80@11 85 for November. Lard firmer at 8 30 cash and August; 8 30@8 32½ for September; 8 40@8 42½ for October; 8 60@ 8 22½ November. Bulk Meats are in better demand; shoulders at 5 85; short rib 6 80; short clear 7 25.

Receipts—Flour 9,000 bbls, wheat 66,000 bush, corn 236,000 bush, oats 128,000 bush, rye 38,000 bu, barley 3,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 11,000 bbls, wheat 188,000 bu, corn 331,000 bush, oats 103,400 bush, rye 31,00 bu, barley 29,000 bush.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.—Flour steady. Wheat lower; No 2 Red Fall sold straight down from 1 07¼@1 07 cash; 1 07⅛@1 07 August; 1 08¾ @1 08¼ for September; 1 11⅛@1 10⅞ for October; 1 13⅛@ 1 12⅞ November; No 3 at 1 01¼@1 02¼.

Receipts—Flour 4,000 bbls, wheat 97,000 bush, corn 00,000 bush, oats 00,000 bush, rye 0,000 bush, barley 0,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 9,000 bbls, wheat 46,000 bush, corn 4,000 bush, oats 36,000 bush, rye 00,000 bush,

SAILING DAYS OF STEAMSHIPS.

	FROM	FOR	
Oregon	Quebec	Liverpool	Aug 18
Polynesian	Quebec	Liverpool	Aug 18
Newport	New York	Havana	Aug 18
Advance	New York	Brazil	Aug 18
Valencia	New York	Maracaibo	Aug 18
City of Rome	New York	Liverpool	Aug 18
Britanic	New York	Liverpool	Aug 18
Rugia	New York	Hamburg	Aug 18
Main	New York	Bremen	Aug 18
Rhynland	New York	Antwerp	Aug 18
Wyoming	New York	Liverpool	Aug 21
Servia	New York	Liverpool	Aug 22
Werra	New York	Bremen	Aug 22
France	New York	Havre	Aug 22
City of Puebla	New York	Hav & V Cruz	Aug 23
State of Georgia	New York	Glasgow	Aug 23
Lessing	New York	Hamburg	Aug 23
Republic	New York	Liverpool	Aug 23
City of Chester	New York	Liverpool	Aug 25
Circassia	New York	Glasgow	Aug 25
Pennland	New York	Antwerp	Aug 25
St Domingo	New York	St Domingo	Aug 28
Saratoga	New York	Havana	Aug 28
Alasia	New York	Liverpool	Aug 29
Scythia	New York	Liverpool	Aug 29
Scythia	New York	Liverpool	Aug 29

MINIATURE ALMANAC.....AUGUST 17.

Sun rises	5.05	High water, (A M)	10.19
Sun sets	7.02	Moon sets	4.02

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND.

THURSDAY, Aug. 16.

Arrived.

Steamer Falmouth, Hall, St John, NB, via Eastport for Boston.

Ship Tennessee, (US) Cooper, Venezuela.

Barque Flora, (Br) Mayne, Boston, to load for South America. To Gallagher & Co.

Brig Tally Ho, Lambert, Richmond—coal to G T Railway Co. Vessel to Ryan & Kelsay.

Sch Jachin, French, Rondout—cement to L C Cummings & Co.

Sch Clara Fletcher, Sargent, New York—coal to C H O'Brion.

Sch Maggie Dalling, Dalling, New York—coal to Randall & McAllister.

Sch Fred C Holden, McRea, New York—coal to Samuel Rounds.

Sch Louisa A Smith, Webber, New York—coal.

Sch O A Sproul, Humphrey, Boston—salt to Dana & Co.

Sch Maud S, Strout, Millbridge.

Sch J C Jameson, Hatch, Deer Isle.

Sch D B Webb, Greenlaw, Deer Isle.

Sch E K Dresser, Gross, Bay Fundy, with 70 bbls mackerel.

Sch Laura & Marion, Eastman, Harpswell.

Cleared.

Brig A J Pettengill, Dewey, Philadelphia—Clark & Chaplin Ice Co.

Sch Mary D Haskell, Carter, Humacoa—E Churchill & Co.

Sch Mary Pickard, (Br) Wilson, Fredeolckton, NB Sch Julia S, (Br) French, St John, NB—master.

SAILED—Brig A J Pettengill.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

EAST MACHIAS, Aug 14th—Sld, schs Jerusha Baker, Ohase, Portland; Magnet, Fletcher, Boston; Gamma, Brown, Providence.

Aug 15—Ar, schs Lucy Hammond, Robinson, and Hamburg, Libby, Boston.

Sld, schs Nellie F, Huntley, Boston; Jas R Talbot, Crocker, New York.

Capt Loring B Small, of Steckton, Me, has been appointed to the command of the four-masted ship Ocean King, 2436 tons, built at Kennebunkport about eight years ago, and now at San Francisco. Capt Small has made sixteen successful voyages to Calcutta.

[FROM MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.]

Ar at Queenstown 14th inst, ship Rufus E Woods Scott, San Francisco.

Ar at Sharpness 14th inst, ship Riverside, Langdon, Pensacola.

Barque Tatay, from Vera Cruz for Portland, was spoken 6th inst, lat 22 16, lon 87 14, with only four of the crew on deck.

MEMORANDA.

Sch Austin D Knight, (of Camden) Perry, at Boston from Marilla, reports, night of 12th, in the Gulf stream, was struck by lightning and the mainmast sustained some damage. One man was knocked down, but not injured.

Sch Maud Malloch, of Calais, (not Maud Mueller) was the vessel ashore at Cuttyhunk 13th. She was towed into New Bedford, not to Boston.

Sch Kate Carlton, Pierce, from Glaco Bay, CB, before reported ashore at Cardenas, floated off without assistance.

Sch Jesse Hart, from Richmond for Boston, went ashore 16th at Delaware Breakwater, but was hauled off and towed to a place of safety.

FISHERMEN.

Ar at Lamoine —, schs Walter M Young, from Grand Banks with 1700 qtls cod; 13th, Edin Coombs, Thompson, do, full.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

PENSACOLA—Ar 11th, barque Aberdeen, Cook, Shieldsboro.

NORFOLK—Ar 12th, barque John Baizley, Sheppard, Wiscasset.

NEWPORT NEWS—Sld 14th, sch B R Woodside, Reed, Portsmouth.

BALTIMORE—Cld 15th, brig Havana, Reed, for Wilmington, NC; schs L C Kaminski, Woodbury, Georgetown, SC.

Ar 16th, barques An Sable, Andrews, and Alex Campbell, Bunker, Kennebec.

Cld 15th, barque Mercedita, Preston, Portland; sch Willie H Higgins, Jones, do, (and both sailed.)

PHILADELPHIA—Ar 14th, schs Lavinia Campbell, Pettigrew, Kennebunkport; Thomas N Stone, Hamlin, and Maggie J Chadwick, Baker, Kennebec; E B Leisenring, Davidson, Kennebec; J K Manning, Gandy; R L Graham, Smith, and Geo S Mars, Henderson, Kennebec; Fred Seavey, Fletcher, Bangor; D W Hunt, Baker, New York.

Cld 14th, sch Ellen H Drummond, Higgins, for Fall River.

Ar 15th, barque Hattie N Bangs, Bangs, Portland sch A S Weeks, Littlefield, Kennebec.

Ar at Delaware Breakwater 14th, brig Emma L Hall, Duffy, from Point-a-Pitre; sch Georgia, Huntley, from Cardenas.

NEW YORK—Ar 15th, schs Jennie A Stubbs, Stubbs, Nassau, NP, 12 days; St John, Gilimore, Jacksonville, Fla; Hayes, Hayes, Darien; Louisa A Boardman, Norwood, Calais; Setagawa, Glover, fm Rockland; S S Tyler, Williams, Portland.

Cld 15th, ship Merom, Thurlow, for Portland, O; barque Malabar, Simmons, Antjier or Batavia.

Passed the Gate 15th, ship Benj Sewall, Ryan, fm New York for Shanghae; schs Elouise, Gray, from Port Johnson for Portland; Mary E Oliver, Amboy for do; Laura T Chester, do for Camden.

PERTH AMBOY—Sld 14th, brig Hyperion, Williams, Portland.

Ar 15th, sch Oliver Dyer, Emerson, New York.

NEW BEDFORD—Ar 14th, sch Maud Malloch, Bickford, Port Johnson for Boston, (see Mem.)

VINEYARD-HAVEN—Ar 14th, brig Kodiak, fm Baltimore for Bath; schs Wigwam, fm Rondout for Boston; H B Metcalf, Northport for Portland; L A Boardman, Newark for Portsmouth; Alcona, Port Johnson for Salem; Northern Light, Hoboken for Lynn; Georgie D Loud, fm Viena, Md, for Camden; Mary D Wilson, Amboy for Calais; Palestine, Calais for Newark.

HYANNIS—Ar 14th, schs B F Jayne, Keefe, Greenport, LI, for Portland, (and sld 15th.)

Ar 15th, steamer Myrtle, Portland, (and sailed.)

BOSTON—Ar 15th, brig Herman, Richborn, from Fajardo; schs Austin D Knight, Perry, St Martins; Standard, Bennett, Baltimore; M E Eldridge, Kelley, and Vashti R Gates, Warnock, Elizabethport; Fair Dealer, Chatto, Port

THE PRESS

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 17.

CITY AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.
American Express Company
FINANCIAL.
Bonds—H M Payson
ENTERTAINMENTS.
Down the Bay
AUCTION SALES.
Carriage Materials.
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
Rines Bros.
Kent's Pilot Crackers
Wanted—Cook
Suburban Residence For sale
In Insolvency
City of Portland
1st Maine Regiment Association
Card—Geo H Glover
Rare Opportunity

THE American Express Company transfer money by telegraph between any of its four thousand agencies in New England, Middle and Western States, making delivery of same at local addresses when requested.
aug17 d8t

The National Medical Association awarded a Gold and Jewelled Medal to the author of that truly great medical work, "The Science of of Life; or, Self Preservation." It was fairly won and worthily bestowed.

Enterprising local agents wanted in this town for an article that is sure to sell; live druggists and grocers preferred. Address Humiston Food Preservative Co., 72 Kilby Street Boston. jy30-daw1m

Hub Punch Used with Moderation Aids conviviality, and is a most welcome accessory, of friendly intercourse. C. H. Graves & Sons, of Boston, bottle it. Grocers, Druggists and Wine Merchants sell it generally.
aug13 MThF&w

Municipal Court,
BEFORE JUDGE GOULD.

THURSDAY.—William Clahan. Search and seizure.. Fined $100 and costs.

Joseph A. Brown. Intoxication. Fined $5 and costs.

Brief Jottings.

Potato rust has appeared at the Cape and potatoes are badly affected.

The final survey of the Brooklyn was made Monday. She will sail either today or tomorrow.

G. E. Deering & Co. began packing herring yesterday to supply orders. Mackerel are scarce.

The report that the wildcat had escaped from Capt. Knowlton's menagerie at Greenwood Garden is wholly unfounded. The animal has not even tried to get out of its cage, which is perfectly strong enough to resist any such attempt.

Included in the cargo of the steamer Brantford City, wrecked at Lockport, N. S., are 2777 cases of canned lobster shipped at Halifax by Portland and Boston firms.

Two little boys at the Cape about a week ago saw floating in the water what they took to be the body of a man, but were too much alarmed to investigate. It was probably that of the man found Monday to whom the clothes picked up on the shore of the Cape undoubtedly belonged.

Yesterday's weather was of the dog-days variety; overcast in the morning and at noon, raining at sunset. Mecury, 50°, 75° and 64°. Wind northeast and east.

Arrival of Steamer Tennessee.

The United States steamer Tennessee, the flagship of the North Atlantic squadron, and the largest vessel in the U. S. Navy, arrived in the harbor yesterday forenoon from Venezuela The Tennessee is 2840 tons and her armament consists of twenty-two guns. Her stay here though indefinite, will probably be short. The public it is said will have an opportunity to visit her, however before she leaves. Below is the present list of her principal officers:

Rear Admiral—George H. Cooper.
Captain—Robert F. Bradford.
Lieutenant Commander—Charles H. Pendleton.
Lieutenants—Samuel W. Very, Benjamin F. Tilley, Edward H. Gheen, William S. Cowles, Raymond P. Rogers, George W. Tyler, William W. Kimball, Chales E. Colahan, John Downes
Master—Fidelio S. Carter.
Ensigns—Richard T. Mulligan, Houston Eldridge.
Midshipman—John S. Waters.
Naval Cadets—Spencer S. Wood, Joseph L. Jayne, Harold H. Eames, Emil Theiss, Geo. M. Littlehales, John M. Ellicott, William H. Ledbetter.
Medical Inspector—Archibald C. Rhoadee.
Passed Assistant Surgeons—Paul Fitzsimmons, Nelson H. Drake.
Chief Engineer—William B. Brooks.
Passed Assistant Engineers—L. W. Robinson, Robert W. Milligan.
Assistant Engineers—Franklin J. Schell, Robert S. Griffin, Harry Hall.

A. O. H. Excursion.

Yesterday occurred the excursion of the A. O. H. to Sebago Lake, and about 600 of the friends of that society went from this city. Amusements of all kinds were provided including base ball, dancing, foot and sack races, single scull and working boat races, jumping, etc. The weather was all that could be desired. The forenoon was passed away pleasantly by the crowd in dancing, swinging, etc., the sports of the day not occurring until after the arrival of the noon train. The first thing on the programme was the single scull race, in which there were but two entries—Gibbons and Hollihan—and it proved a very fine race throughout. Hollihan won by half a boat length; no time taken. The prizes were a gold medal valued at $15 to first, and a silver medal valued at $10 to second. In the pair-oared working boat race there was only one entry—Griffin and mate—and they pulled over the course and received the first prize, $15. Next came the trial of the jumping qualties of a number of entries, and Mr. James Mannion carried off the prize of $3. Mr. Mannion also carried off the first prize in the foot race, $5, and Mr. Desmond the second, $2. The base ball contest was won by the Dirigees of this city by a score of 37 to nothing the other nine. The excursion was a grand success, and was thoroughly enjoyed by the large number present.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate in this county have been recorded at the Registry of Deeds:

Portland—Samuel F. Haggett to Levi L. and Susan L. Cummings, land. Consideration $1.

George W. True to Anna A. True, land and buildings. Consideration $1.

Windham—Louisa A. Morton to Edward C. Morton, land. Consideration $10.

Lewis Libby to Louisa A. Morton, land. Consideration $140.

Benjamin Wentworth to Edward C. Morton, land. Consideration $50.

Gray—Robert Dyer, et al., to Alonzo Leighton, lot of land. Consideration $70.

New Gloucester—John M. Day to Frank H. Nevins, land. Consideration $3,000.

Harrison—Reuben Hobbs to William V. Carsley, land. Consideration $290.

The Sons of York.

Owing to an unaccountable accident, Hon. Joseph A. Locke's speech at the reunion of the Sons of York appeared twice in the report as published in the PRESS and Argus, attributed the second time to Mr. L. B. Dennett. Mr. Locke made a good speech, perhaps good enough to print twice, but Mr. Dennett made a good speech also, certainly well worthy of being published once at least. It was humorous in its character and many of the points made were exceedingly bright and witty. We should publish it even at this late date did not circumstances beyond our control prevent.

Railroad Notes.

At a meeting of the directors of the Maine Central Railroad, Monday evening, it was decided to build a new station at Richmond, and the president was authorized to purchase 2000 tons of steel rails in addition to amounts previously authorized.

The annual meeting of the St. Johnsbury and Lake Champlain Railroad was held at St. Johnsbury yesterday and elected the following directors: Horace Fairbanks of St. Johnsbury, Franklin Fairbanks of St. Johnsbury, Thomas Coggeshall of Newport, R. I., Bradley Barlow of St. Albans, A. B. Jewett of Swanton, A. D. Hyde of Boston, A. B. Harris of Springfield, Mass., W. B. Fairbanks of St. Johnsbury.

Marksmanship.

J. H. Merrill & Co. have made two "Decorative Marksman Badges" for Col. Farrington, Inspector of Rifle Practice, who will present them to the best shot in each regiment. The highest score made at the team competition at the coming encampment decides who is the champion shot. They are very pretty pieces of workmenship and may be seen in Merrill & Co.'s window.

Accident to a Portland Man.

Mr. Russell Wilson of this city, who is in the employ of Twitchell, Champlain & Co., was thrown from his carriage in Casco and had his shoulder dislocated.

PORTLAND YACHT CLUB.

Sailing Over of Race of the Second and Third Class Vessels—The Vixen the Winner.

It will be remembered that the race for the second and third class yachts was sailed on the 2d inst., the Vixen winning, the Casco and Vim coming in second and third. Capt. J. P. Thomas, of the Constance, protested against the decision on the ground that it was foggy at the time and the judges were unable to say positively that the yachts had sailed over the prescribed course, therefore the regatta committee decided that the race should be sailed over again yesterday.

The weather yesterday, though unsettled and with indications of fog, was favorable at the start, a steady northeast wind prevailing. Five yachts entered, and at 11 a. m. a good start was made in the following order:—Sloop Willie, Capt. K. D. Atwood; sloop Constance, J. P. Thomas; cat-rigged Edith, A. M. Smith; sloop Vixen, Richardson, and sloop Milly. A. K. Paul. The Willie was the first to round Spring Point buoy, then followed the Vixen, Edith, Constance and Milly. The course was to Green Island, thence to Trundy's Reef buoy and return, a distance of eighteen miles.

It was regarded as a favorable chance throughout, the wind, though not strong, being very steady. The Vixen returned first in 2-29-52 standard time, followed by the others in the order given below in the table of official figures:

Rig.	Yacht.	Owners.	Allowance. M. S.	Allowance per Mile. M. S.	Sailing. H. M. S.	Return. H. M. S.	Sailing Time. H. M. S.	Standard H. M. S
Sp.	Willie,	Capt. Atwood	44-40	2-23-9	11-13-40	2-50-35	3-36-55	2-52-15
Sp.	Constance,	Capt. Thomas	60-11	2-47-03	11-14-34	2-59-54	3-45-20	2-55-09
Cat.	Edith,	Capt. Smith	55-57	3-6-05	11-15-17	3-07-22	3-52-05	2-56-08
Sp.	Vixen,	Capt. Richardson	38-35	2-8-06	11-16-16	2-24-43	3-08-27	2-29-52
Sp.	Milly,	Capt. Paul	49-08	2-43-08	11-16-24	2-56-50	3-40-26	2-51-18

The regatta committee was the same as upon the former race, viz., Messrs. Frank L. Mosely, Henry P. Larrabee, Harry R. Virgin and Wm. H. Stevens.

The race between the Bonita and Sparkle, set for to-day, has been declared off, Mr. Martin having exchanged the Sparkle for a larger yacht, the Julia G, of Boston.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

RANCH 10.

The first presentation of this play last evening was witnessed by a very good house. The piece has all the breadth and freedom we should look for in one presenting a truthful picture of customs of the far West. It has a brisk movement, pathos and humor judiciously mingled, and is replete with exciting situations.

It was received throughout with great favor and the very realistic explosion and conflagration provoked the most enthusiastic plaudits. The company is an exceptionally good one. The liberal employment of bowie knife and shooting irons holds the boys enthralled while the depth of plot, etc., is such as to command the lively interest of their elders. The remaining nights of its presentation here (to-night and to-morrow night and Saturday matinee) will doubtless see crowded houses. Exchanges speak of its very successful run elsewhere.

THE BRYANT CONCERT.

Wednesday evening, Aug. 29th, has been decided upon as the date of the complementary concert to Miss Bryant. The price of tickets will be one dollar and the entire church will be reserved. The sale of tickets will commence on Thursday morning, Aug. 23d, at 9 o'clock, at Stockbridge's music store, Exchange street. Mr. Stockbridge has already received a large number of applications for seats, but desires us to say that by instructions from the committee two seats can be secured or tickets engaged until the morning of the 23d.

Personal.

Mr. Harmon has retired from the management of the Ottawa House.

B. M. Hight, Esq., superintendent of the horse department, will have associated with him, during the State fair, Marshal Heald of this city, one of the best horsemen in the State.

Among the invited guests from out of the State at the York Society reunion on Wednesday were M. D. Strout, superintendent of the Lafayette Car Works, Lafayette, Ind.; N. E. Strout, Bedford, Ind., and W. W. Bromley, chief clerk general freight department of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway.

Professor A. F. Richardson, for ten years principal of Bridgton high school and now on the eve of assuming the principalship of Fryeburg Academy, at a public reception was presented with a costly gold watch and chain by the citizens of Bridgton at Gibbs's hall Wednesday night. Speeches were made by Joseph L. Wales, Esq., and Prof. Richardson. The Bridgton Cornet Band furnished music. There was a large attendance and an appreciative demonstration.

Senator Frye has purchased a house lot on Main street, Fryeburg, and will soon erect a summer cottage there. Senator Frye is a descendant of Gen. Frye, the grantee of the town.

Samuel T. Greene, a native of Waterford, professor in the Belleville, Ontario, institution for the deaf and dumb, will lecture before the convention of the Maine Deaf Mute Mission to be held in Belfast, August 25th and 26th.

Mr. N. E. Wight, well known commercial traveler with Fletcher & Co., grocers of Portland, is dangerously sick with a carbuncle on the back of his neck, at his home in Hodgdon. He has been ill about two weeks.

Hon. James G. Blaine, wife and two daughters, Mr. Lumbert, Major Phipps, and Miss Loring, daughter of Hon. George B. Loring of Salem, Mass, made the trip over the Green Mountain railway, Sunday. On the return trip Mr. Blaine drove the four-in-hand from Eagle Lake to Bar Harbor.

Mr. Jere. M. Hill has resigned the principalship of the Dexter high school to become principal of the high school in Bangor.

Arthur D. Edgecomb of Lancaster, Mass., died Thursday, August 9. He was born in Livermore, in this State, in December, 1819, and was at his decease nearly 64 years of age. His medical education was received at Brunswick, and his first settlement was at Buxton. Later he practiced quite extensively in Auburn and Lewiston. He went to Lancaster in May, 1864. About four years ago he was partially paralyzed, and since then has been confined to his house in enforced inactivity till the end came.

Ought to be Suppressed.

Many summer sojourners on Peaks' Island, and older residents also, express their great annoyance from the futile efforts of a would-be cornetist on Elephant avenue who from early morning till late at night without intermission, except when feeding or taking breath, afflicts upon his neighbors the most uncouth and irritating sounds and combinations of sounds. Nor is the Sabbath, even, a day of rest for the aggrieved ones, as this fellow sends forth maddening wails from his accursed instrument quite as frequently on that day as upon any other, the only difference noticeable being a mangling of sacred rather than secular music. This is the second summer of his offending and people vainly attempting conversation on adjacent piazzas, and others having their own sleep murdered and their babies kept awake by the unseemingly and unnecessary racket, naturally.

Long for the coming of the boot-boot-boot,
That shall end the wild, exasperating toot-toot-toot
Of this very callow and unthinking galoot-loot-loot.
RESIDENT.

A Steep Price.

A bushel of fair sized mackerel brought in by schooner Cora Lee was sold yesterday in one of our markets for nine dollars. This evidences the great scarcity of large mackerel at present.

Peaks' Island.

At the celebration at Peaks' Island to-day, under the auspices of the Forest City Steamboat Company, five bands will be present—Chandler's, Glover's. Ferry Village, Westbrook and Mt. Pleasant of Fryeburg. Chandler's and Glover's bands will consolidate in Congress Square this morning and play during the march to the boat. There will be continuous music at the island by the bands. There will be potato, wheelbarrow, sack and sugar races, tight-rope walking, flying trapeze act, entertainments in the new theatre, fireworks and dancing. Everything is free to all who buy tickets of the Forest City Steamboat Company.

The 'Longshoremen Excursion.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the annual picnic next Wednesday of the 'Longshoremen's Benevolent Association. There will be a great variety of amusements ane races—aquatic and others—with valuable prizes; an excellent quadrille orchestra will be in attendance, and the prices are on a popular scale. Entries for boat races close Tuesday, 21st inst., at 7.30 p. m.

Slight Fire.

An alarm from box 23 yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock was occasioned by the burning of a bed at No. 142 Fore Street. The department was promptly on hand, but the fire was extinguished without their aid.

STATE NEWS.

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

Up to last Monday 57,375 pounds of raspberries had been shipped from Fort Fairfield station. It is estimated that Aroostook people will get $5000 out of the raspberry crop.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

The Waterville Sentinel has been purchased by Capt. J. D. Maxfield of Dexter.

J. S. Grant of Sidney was arraigned before the police court in Augusta on Wednesday for malicious trespass in filling an old meeting meeting house at Sidney with hay. The prosecutor was the Sidney Grange which claimed to have purchased the meetinghouse. In defence Grant put in a claim to the land on which the church stood and maintained that the land carried the building with it. The judge decided that the question was one of title beyond his jurisdiction and dismissed the case.

OXFORD COUNTY.

Two races took place on the fair grounds at Norway yesterday. "Jack Spratt" won the 3-minute race, purse $200, best time 2.36 1-2. There were eight entries. In the 2.39 class there were nine entries. "Barney Tanzy" won in 2.36. About 500 people were present.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

Dexter is to have a new trotting park.

Company B, of the Eighth Maine Regiment, will hold its annual reunion at Mattawamkeag Lake next week.

At a recent meeting of Company B, Hersey Light Infantry, of the Second Regiment, of Oldtown, resolutions were adopted endorsing the action of Sergeant Mason in shooting at Guiteau, and introducing the Sergeant's release.

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

Potatoes in Piscataquis are badly affected by rust and some fields bid fair to prove a total failure.

WALDO COUNTY.

The Belfast Journal is to be enlarged.

A Waldo correspondent of the Belfast Journal claims that Addison O. Whitney, a native of that town, was the first man killed in the war of the late rebellion. Mr. Whitney was a member of the 6th Massachusetts regiment, and was killed by the mob while marching through the streets of Baltimore in April, 1861. The correspondent suggests that Congress ought to appropriate a sum of money to erect a monument in Waldo as a testimonial to the first man to lay down his life in the great struggle.

A young man by the name of James Thorndyke of Montville who has recently become insane escaped from his keepers on Sunday morning and at last accounts had not been found.

A case was tried before a trial justice at Liberty the other day which has many substantial claims to go on record as a *cause celebre*. Four persons who are described by a local correspondent as a "drunken old man, a female town pauper, an imbecile young man and a painted Jezebel" were arrested for the larceny of an old clock valued at 50 cents. If the accused bore a bad reputation the accuser bore a worse one for she was to again quote the aforesaid correspondent—"an amazon of a woman who has the reputation of being much married, having had eleven husbands, seven of whom are now living." "She had the lungs of a Gabriel," continues the correspondent, "and a voice like the croak of a raven." Furthermore she was a talking woman and insisted on using her tongue with so much volubility that the presiding justice in self-defence ordered her removal from the temple of justice. But she was an obstinate woman weighing in the neighborhood of 200 pounds and it became necessary for the sheriff to summon a *posse comitatus* to remove her. After she was got out it occurred to the Solon who was trying the case that a hearing could not go on without the complainant and it was necessary to bring her back again.

YORK COUNTY.

Wednesday night a fire broke out in a two-story dwelling house on Bradbury street, Biddeford, owned by Luther Bryant, which was communicated to a house on Cutts street owned by Carlos Hurd. Both buildings were destroyed. Loss about $1500 on each building. Each building was insured for $1000.

The Best Baking Powder.

The best baking powder is made from pure Cream of Tartar, Bicarbonate of Soda, and a small quantity of flour or starch. Frequently other ingredients are used, and serve a purpose in reducing the cost and increasing the profits of the manufacturer.

We give the Government Chemist's analyses of two of the leading baking powders:

I have examined samples of "Cleveland's Superior Baking Powder" and "Royal Baking Powder," purchased by myself in this city, and I find they contain:

Clevelands Superior Baking Powder."

Cream of Tartar
Bicarbonate of Soda
Flour

Available carbonic acid gas 12.61 per cent, equivalent to 118.2 cubic inches of gas per oz. of Powder.

"Royal Baking Powder."

Cream of Tartar
Bicarbonate of Soda
Carbonate of Ammonia
Tartaric Acid
Starch

Available carbonic acid gas 12.40 per cent, equivalent to 116.2 cubic inches of gas per oz. of Powder.

Ammonia gas 0.43 per cent, equivalent to 10.4 cubic inches per oz. of Powder.

Note.—The Tartaric Acid was doubtless introduced as free acid, but subsequently combined with ammonia, and exists in the Powder as a Tartrate of Ammonia.

E. G. LOVE, Ph. D.

NEW YORK, JAN'Y 17TH, 1881.

The above analyses indicate a preference for "Cleveland's Superior Baking Powder," and our opinion is that it is the better preparation.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

City of Portland.

In the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty Three.

AN Ordinance relating to the protection of the Public Grounds of the City.

Be it ordained by the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Portland in City Council assembled as follows:

Section 1.—No loaded dray, wagon, cart or other vehicle, shall be allowed to pass over or through the roadways or grass plats, within any of the parks or public grounds belonging to the city, without the written consent of the Mayor or Chairman of the Committee on Cemeteries and Public Grounds, expressly given therefor.

Section 2.—No person shall cut, mar, deface or destroy any seat or stand, or any other structure erected by or belonging to City of Portland, in or upon any street, promenade, park or any of the public grounds of the city, nor cut, deface or destroy, or carry away any tree, shrub or plant within such parks or public grounds.

Section 3.—Any person violating this Ordinance shall be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each violation thereof.

In Board of Mayor and Aldermen, August 6, 1883.

Read and passed to be Ordained and sent down for concurrence.

Attest: J. W. DEERING, Mayor.

In Common Council, August 6, 1883.

Read and passed to be ordained in concurrence.

Attest: SAMUEL B. KELSEY, President of the Common Council.

Approved August 9, 1883.

J. W. DEERING, Mayor.

A true copy. Attest: GEO. C. BURGESS, City Clerk.
aug17 d2w

A CARD.

GLOVER'S BAND are engaged and will positively appear at Maranocook in the Sacred Concert next Sunday, in connection with Chandler's Band. I wish to ask my friends, and all who attend, to refrain from making any noisy demonstration of applause during the concert; but to make it a day of quiet, and peaceful rest. There will be two concerts by each band, and twenty selections will be played. If all will co-operate with me in the above request, we shall come home feeling that we have kept the Sabbath in an honorable manner.

Very respectfully,
GEO. H. GLOVER.

Auburn, Me., Aug. 16, 1883. [aug17d1t

17th ME. REGT. ASSOCIATION.

THE Annual Meeting will be held Saturday Evening, August 18, at 8 o'clock, at Army & Navy Hall, Congress street. Full attendance requested. Per order,

Col. T. A. ROBERTS, President.
JOHN O. RICE, Secretary. aug17d2t

Wanted.

A Cook and a Laundress at the Maine General Hospital. aug17dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLOSING OUT SALE

Below we give a list of a few of the many goods we are closing out in anticipation of removal.

Children's Gossamers,	$ 75	Black Cashmeres	$ 50
Misses', warranted,	1.00	Widest Black Cashmeres,	75
Ladies', Warranted,	1.00	Black Silks	75
2 prs Ladies' 35c Hose for	40	Heavy Black Silks	1.00
40c Lisle Gloves,	25	$1.62 Heavy Black Silk	1.37
$1.00 "	50	1.68 " " "	1.50
Best Foster Kids,	1.50	Family Sheeting	6
All Wool 70c Dress Goods,	50	Wamsutta " seconds	10 1-2
" 50c light "	37	" 5-4 " "	15
Gents' Unlaundried Shirts,	50	Cheviot Shirting	6 1-2
" " "	70	12 1-2c "	9
" extra " "	1.00	Auction Ticking	5
Ladies' Fall Underwear,	35	" "	12 1-2
" Summer "	12 1-2	" Quilts	50
" " "	35	Gents' Summer Underwear	35

RINES BROS.

17 d1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. MISCELLANEOUS.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY
—TO PURCHASE—
Furnaces, Stoves, Tinware, &c.

THE stock and business of the **Old and Well-Established House of A. N. NOYES & SON**, is offered for sale. This firm has the exclusive sale of the Magee Furnace Company's Goods, finest made in this country, and parties buying the entire stock will have the sale of these goods with the good will of this company.

Goods at retail for the present will be sold much below the market price for cash, as the stock must be disposed of without delay. Per order of

NATHAN CLEAVES, } Assignees of
ALBERT N. PARLIN, } A. N. Noyes & Son.
aug17 d2w

BONDS.

City of Portland	6s.
" " Zanesville, Ohio	4 1-2s.
" " East Saginaw, Mich.	5s.
" " Fort Wayne, Ind.	6s.
Portland Water Company	6s.
Akron, O. " "	6s.
Maine Central R. R.	7s.
" " "	7s.
Androscoggin & Kennebec R. R.	6s.
Southern Pacific R. R.	6s.
Northern " "	6s.
St Paul & No. Pacific Guaranteed	6s.
Loan & Trust Co. Secured by R. Estate	6s.

Also other desirable securities for sale by

H. M. PAYSON & CO.,
32 Exchange Street.
aug17 eodtf

KENT'S SuperioR ROUND PILOT CRACKERS.

These well known Crackers are now manufactured from

NEW WHEAT FLOUR,
which gives to them an additional fine flavor.
PLEASE TRY THEM.
Sold by grocers, and at the Bakery.

R. KENT & SON.
August 17. aug17d3t

In Insolvency.

Court of Insolvency for the County of Cumberland, State of Maine, August 16, A. D. 1883.

In case of Melvin W. Higgins, Insolvent Debtor.

THIS is to give notice that on the sixteenth day of August, A. D. 1883, a Warrant in Insolvency was issued by Henry C. Peabody, Judge of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland, against the estate of said Melvin W. Higgins of Portland,

adjudged to be an Insolvent debtor, on petition of said Debtor which petition was filed on the sixteenth day of August A. D. 1883, to which date interest on claims is to be computed.

That the payment of any debts to or by said debtor, and the transfer and delivery of any property by him are forbidden by law.

That a meeting of the Creditors of said Debtor, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at Probate Court Room in said Portland, on the third day of September, A. D. 1883, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

H. R. SARGENT,
Deputy Sheriff, as Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland.
aug17&24

First Class Suburban Residence For Sale.

CONTAINS a dozen rooms; Five rooms on first floor all finished in black walnut and oak, nice cellar and furnace, large brick cistern that will hold 75 hogsheads filtered water. The lot contains one acre, upon which is a good stable, also apple, pear and plum trees and small fruits. The house is in nice repair and will be sold on very favorable terms. The horse cars pass the door every half hour. WM. H. JERRIS.
August 17, 1883. aug17d3w*c

TO LET.

A Furnished House for Rent.

A WELL furnished house, desirably located in the westerly part of the city, will be for rent to a small family from about September 9th to July 9th, '84. Apply to WM. H. JERRIS. au14d1w

TO LET.
Store Nos. 117 & 119 Middle St.

BELOW the Post Office where all the large Wholesale Jobbing Houses are located, in dry goods, Fancy and other Classes of goods. Fitted up with two Counting rooms, Brick and Iron Safe, Elevator, Counters, Tables, Gas and Water, with light and airy basement all in perfect repair. Heated by a furnace. Inquire of H. E. THOMPSON 164 Brackett St. where the keys may be found.
oct2 dtf

CLARK'S Circulating Library.

The largest and best in the city. New Books received soon as published. Terms 2 cents a day. Special rates to Subscribers. A large and elegant assortment of Stationary and Fancy Goods constantly on hand.

Frank B. Clark,
515 CONGRESS ST.
ju22 eodtf

TOURISTS AND TRAVELLERS.

Tourists and others needing anything in the line of

Boots, Shoes, Slippers, &c.,

will find it advantageous to call at the

PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE,
Opposite the Preble House,
480 Congre
WYER GREENE & CO
Proprietors.
jy19 eodtf

SEE HERE!

CAN show any one in want of a nice residence great bargains at Gorham Village.

One 2 story house, "L," and stable, acre of land, 50 fruit trees, nice water.

One 2 story house, new, never has been occupied, very nice lot 60x115, fruit trees, currants &c., nice water. Send for plans and descriptions to G. D. WEEKS, Auc. and Real Estate Agent. Gorham, Me.

☞ House lots for Sale. jy31dtf

BUSINESS CARDS.

BION BRADBURY. A. W. BRADBURY
BRADBURY & BRADBURY,
Counsellors at Law.
34 Exchange Street,
jy27 PORTLAND MAINE, d3m

TELEPHONE 115.
WM. BURROWES,
BUILDER,
Has removed to the corner of Preble and Kennebec street, directly opposite the Portland and Rochester Depot. au4dtf

SIGN PAINTING
and Lettering of Every Description, executed in an Artistic Manner and at short notice.
M. T. MULHALL,
jan5 29 TEMPLE STREET. eodtf

AUSTIN & NAYLOR,
Fresco Painters,
NO. 11 FREE STREET,
PORTLAND, ME.
C. S. AUSTIN. J. NAYLOR.
Churches, Halls and Private Dwellings Decorated in a first-class manner, and at short notice. Repairing old frescoing a specialty. my30eodtf

Herbert G. Briggs,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR
—OF—
American & Foreign Patents,
No. 93 Exchange St, Portland, Me.
☞ All business relating to Patents promptly and faithfully executed. jul2dtf

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Proposals.

SEALED proposals will be received by the Committee on Public Buildings, on Monday, August 20, 1883, at 12 o'clock m., for the steam heating of the Chestnut street school-house. Plans and specifications may be examined at the office of CHAS. H. KIMBALL, Architect, 180½ Middle street. The committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Portland, Me., August 15th, 1883. aug16td

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Book Binder.
WM. A. QUINCY, Room 11, Printers Exchange 13 Exchange Street

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